

# LIVENGLISH

## MAGAZINE

### WILL HUMANS MAKE CONTACT WITH ALIEN LIFE IN 2025 ?

Will there be a Third World War ?

Will humanity develop telepathy by 2025, allowing for direct mind-to-mind communication ?

The potential dangers of misusing these technologies for destructive purposes



February 2025



0123456789





## SOME SPECIFIC TIPS FOR LEARNING ENGLISH EFFECTIVELY:

### 1. Surround Yourself with English (Immersion)

Change your phone, apps, and social media to English.

Watch movies and TV shows in English (start with subtitles, then remove them).

Listen to English music, podcasts, and audiobooks.

Try to think in English instead of translating from your native language.

### 2. Speak as Much as Possible

Find a language partner (Tandem, HelloTalk, or even friends who speak English).

Join online conversation groups or take lessons (iTalki, Preply, Cambly).

Talk to yourself—describe your day, thoughts, or what you see.

Read aloud to improve pronunciation and fluency.

### 3. Build Your Vocabulary

Learn 5-10 new words daily and use them in sentences.

Use flashcards (Anki, Quizlet) to remember words efficiently.

Read books, articles, and blogs to learn words in context.

Write down and review new words regularly.

### 4. Improve Reading & Writing Skills

Start with simple books (graded readers, short stories) and move to advanced ones.

Read English news (BBC, The Guardian, New York Times) and summarize what you read.

Keep a daily journal in English to practice writing.

Join forums (Reddit, Quora) and comment in English.

### 5. Learn Grammar Naturally

Focus on understanding grammar through examples rather than memorizing rules.

Pay attention to common sentence structures and patterns.

Use grammar apps or websites (Grammarly, BBC Learning English).

### 6. Make Learning Fun

Watch English YouTubers or streamers who talk about topics you enjoy.

Play video games in English with voice chat.

Sing along to English songs and analyze the lyrics.

Challenge yourself with word games (Scrabble, crossword puzzles).

### 7. Stay Consistent & Motivated

Set small goals (e.g., learn 10 words per day, watch 1 episode in English).

Track your progress and celebrate improvements.

Don't worry about making mistakes—learning happens through errors!



# A DAY IN THE LIFE OF A STUDENT



## 6:30 AM - The Reluctant Wake-Up Call

The alarm rings. I hit snooze.

Five more minutes won't hurt, right?

Suddenly, I realize I'm running late, and the morning chaos begins—rushing through breakfast, scrambling for my uniform, and stuffing books into my bag.

## 7:45 AM - The Race to School

With my backpack feeling like a ton of bricks, I make my way to school. Some students arrive calmly, while others (like me) practically sprint through the gates before the bell rings.

## 8:15 AM - The Battle with Sleep in Class

First period begins, and I try my best to look alert. Some lessons are fascinating, while others make my eyelids heavier than my backpack. But I survive, thanks to the occasional joke from my friends or an interesting class discussion.

## 10:00 AM - The Lifesaving Break

Recess! The best part of the day. Time for snacks, chatting with friends, and forgetting about homework (at least for a while).

## 12:30 PM - The Lunch Hour

Lunchtime means finding a spot with my friends, sharing food, and talking about everything from upcoming exams to the latest trending memes.

## 2:00 PM - The Afternoon Struggle

Energy levels drop, and the clock seems to slow down. My mind drifts between daydreaming and focusing on the lesson. But with a little determination (and a lot of doodling in my notebook), I make it through.

## 4:20 PM - Freedom! (Almost...)

The final bell rings. Some students rush home, while others stay for extracurricular activities. I have a club meeting, so my school day isn't over just yet.

## 6:00 PM - Homework vs. Procrastination

Back home, I tell myself I'll start my homework right away. An hour later, I'm still scrolling through my phone. Eventually, I get to work—half-distracted, but determined to finish before bedtime.

## 10:30 PM - Good Night (Finally!)

Exhausted but satisfied, I set my alarm and promise myself I'll sleep early tomorrow (which probably won't happen). Another school day awaits!





## what is MUN?

MUN (Model United Nations) is a simulation of the United Nations where students take on the roles of diplomats representing different countries. Participants debate global issues, draft resolutions, and try to find solutions to real-world problems, just like in the actual UN. How Does MUN Work?

**Delegates:** Each participant represents a country and speaks on its behalf.

**Committees:** Topics are discussed in different UN-style committees (e.g., Security Council, WHO, Human Rights Council).

**Debate & Resolutions:** Delegates debate, form alliances, and draft resolutions to solve global problems.

**Rules & Procedures:** Formal UN-style rules are followed, including speeches, motions, and voting.

### Benefits of MUN

- ✓ Improves public speaking and debating skills
- ✓ Enhances critical thinking and problem-solving
- ✓ Builds leadership and diplomacy skills
- ✓ Expands knowledge on international relations







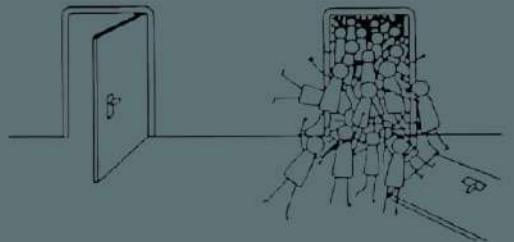
*critical thinking*

*debate*



THERAPY

MUN





# PRACTICING ENGLISH WITH MOVIES



Watching movies is a great way to practice English! Here's how to do it effectively:

## 1. Choose the Right Movie

Start with movies that match your level (animated movies, simple dialogues).  
Comedy and drama movies often have natural conversations.  
Avoid heavy-accented or very fast-talking movies at first.

## 2. Use Subtitles the Right Way

Beginner: Use English subtitles while listening to English audio.  
Intermediate: Watch with subtitles only for difficult parts.  
Advanced: Watch without subtitles and focus on understanding naturally.

## 3. Active Learning While Watching

Pause & repeat difficult sentences.  
Write down new words & phrases and try to use them later.  
Mimic (shadowing): Repeat dialogues after characters to improve pronunciation.

## 4. Watch with a Purpose

Focus on how sentences are structured and common phrases.  
Listen to intonation and pronunciation differences.  
Imagine you are in the scene and try to respond in English.

## 5. Best Movies for Learning English

For Beginners:

The Lion King 🦁  
Finding Nemo 🐟  
Toy Story 🧸

For Intermediate Learners:

The Devil Wears Prada 👠  
Harry Potter series 🪄  
The Social Network 💻

For Advanced Learners:

Inception 🌀  
The Wolf of Wall Street 📈  
Sherlock Holmes 🔍

**WATCHING MOVIES ACTIVELY WILL HELP IMPROVE  
YOUR LISTENING, VOCABULARY, AND SPEAKING SKILLS.**

**HAPPY LEARNING!**









# PLANET PARADE IN THE SKY



## "MAJOR PLANETARY ALIGNMENT ON JANUARY 25"

On and around January 25, the sky will be illuminated like a scene with bright planets. If you admire stars and planets, this month is a great opportunity to look at the sky! However, contrary to exaggerated claims circulating on social media, this is just a natural reflection of the sky pattern.

January 2025 promises many surprising nights for sky enthusiasts. In this event, which NASA calls a "planet crossover," four bright planets come together in the night sky. However, we need to take a closer look at the "major planetary alignment on January 25" claims circulating on social media.

There are 4 planets you can see with the naked eye during this month:

-Venus and Saturn: They will shine just after sunset. Especially on January 17-18, these two planets will experience a rapprochement called "conjunction" and will appear close to each other.

-Jupiter: It will appear as a bright star between January 17-25 and its details can be observed more clearly through a telescope.

-Mars: You can also see the characteristic red color of the red planet between January 17-25.

However, since Uranus and Neptune are faint, it is not possible to see them without the help of a telescope.







# SYNAESTHESIA

## COLOR SMELL DISEASE

Yes, you heard right, there is such a disease. Synesthesia is the medical name given to the occurrence of stimulation in more than one channel when a perception modality is stimulated. Unlike the word "synaesthesia", which is used to describe various artistic products such as metaphor and symbolism, people who experience this phenomenon talk about unintentional and constantly occurring analogies. In short, more than one perception system gives their own interpretations to the same objects with the same strength. People with synesthesia, for example, perceive people visually/auditory/textual, etc., rather than as humans. They remember and adopt it as an object/fact. He gave his mother warm milk, his brother a cat, etc. like someone who sees/remembers/thinks.

Demographically, it is more common in left-handed, ambidextrous people and women. It is thought to be hereditary and is seen on average in every 20,000 people. In these people, while memory functions strengthen, mathematical and spatial perception functions also reach their peak.

In mathematical perception, the synesthete uses colors when multiplying numbers, thus strengthening his mathematical perception. In spatial perception, even 1 degree of 360 degrees has a color. Synesthesia is thought to be a function related to the left hemisphere of the brain and dependent on the hippocampus gland. Although statistically very rare, it is a "normal" brain function. It is caused by the reflection of a process that takes place in every brain on the surface of consciousness in some people.



# The Evolution of Artificial Intelligence

Artificial Intelligence (AI) refers to the development of machines that can perform tasks typically requiring human intelligence. The concept of AI emerged in the 1950s with Alan Turing's "Turing Test" and was formally defined in 1956 at the Dartmouth Conference. Early AI research faced limitations due to the available computing power, leading to a period of stagnation known as the "AI Winter" in the 1970s.

In the 1990s, AI gained momentum with advancements in machine learning and data-driven algorithms. A significant breakthrough came in 2006 with the development of deep learning, enabling AI to tackle more complex tasks. From the 2010s onward, AI has become integral to various sectors like healthcare, finance, and automation, benefiting from big data and powerful processors.

Looking ahead, AI is expected to revolutionize many industries, though ethical and security concerns remain important challenges.



# The Importance



# of “Me Time”

a period or moments of time that an individual intentionally sets aside for themselves, away from external obligations, responsibilities, or the demands of daily life. It's a dedicated period focused on self-care, relaxation, personal interests, and rejuvenation.

## What is me time?

### Self-Reflection

'Me Time' allows individuals to pause and reflect on their thoughts, emotions, and experiences. It provides an opportunity for introspection, aiding in self-discovery, personal growth, and enhancing self-awareness.

### Mental Health Boost

It allows individuals to recharge, unwind, and practice self-care, fostering resilience and better emotional regulation.

### Increased Productivity

Investing in 'Me Time' can paradoxically enhance productivity



### Stress Reduction

Taking time for oneself helps in reducing stress levels. Engaging in activities that bring joy!

### Self-Care and Boundaries

'Me Time' serves as a reminder to establish boundaries and prioritize self-care.





# Can AI Ever Take Over?

09.FEBRUARY.2025

WESTPORT DAILY

There is no need for introduction with this concept. You are all aware of how capable and efficient artificial intelligence has become but the question still remains: can AI take over? So let's go over some of the ways this could happen and whether or not they are likely to happen.

## 1-Complete Extinction

This one is simple. Complete biological extinction of the human race. It is also the one that is the least likely to happen. No matter the level of technology we may achieve in the near future an AI capable of such coordination would have to be a super computer that could only be built by billions spent by foundations with access to state of the art technology and researchers. And while a single misstep in input such as "Make cancer never kill again" resulting in the computer trying to wipe out all life so that cancer can never have anyone to kill, could be a disaster. A computer with that capability would have been enough research by the world best scientist and psychologists to make sure that the prompt doesn't get misunderstood. Basically an AI with the resources and the capability to turn those resources into weapons would have multiple self-destruct buttons only accessible to its human overseers. .

## 2-Matrix

If you could move into a virtual world that is ten times better than this one, would you join the Matrix or stay here? Most of you reading this said no and other polls agree with your decision to not be fooled by virtual worlds. But let's flip the question around. If this world was a simulation that was ten times better than the real world, would you go back into reality even though life sucks living there? These deals sound a lot worse, don't they? That's because our minds are more likely to keep the things as they are. Especially in things as morally complicated as virtual realities. If we were ever to get over this rather primitive way of thinking we could actually do this transference in mass numbers and live in the perfect world (it's all still a simulation so don't get too carried away). But for us to be able to do this someone needs to take care of us and our simulation on the outside. Someone needs to make sure we get fed, someone needs to make sure the massive supercomputers that power the simulation are well maintained, someone needs to mine, farm and produce energy. If humans did this we would have most of our population on the outside working to keep the rich in the simulations. But if AI were to do this job no one would need to be left behind.

## 3-A New Society

We cannot craft a "sentient" AI however we can make an AI that completely mimics sentience. One with human feelings and emotions and reactions. We don't know what makes humans sentient at least not in a scientific way. Therefore we may be able to make a robot with some equivalent to sentience though not like our sentience. This diverts into two main paths. One: we can't make the AI feel human senses and emotions resulting in a scenario 1 attempt. Two: we are successful in turning the machines into humans with emotions and senses. The AI becomes the work force for our society. While humans live their best lives, robots are programmed to do all the hardwork and get rewarded with doses of artificial happiness. After generations of this the human race eventually loses its ability to survive on its own. Even though we keep our overlord status in this scenario the robots become absolutely crucial to human survival. Turning robots into sentient beings might lead to them revolting. This likely won't result in a scenario 1 but might result in a new society of equality for humans and robots. Only problem being the robots are better in almost every aspect and very easy to mass produce. Humans eventually fall into irrelevance. .





# Will AI ever take over?

09.FEBRUARY.2025

WESTPORT DAILY

## We have seen how AI could take over but will it?

In every movie or show you find about robot invasions its usually rather dumbed down. One side magically decides the other should not exist and then a war breaks out. But how realistic is this?

Lets go with a case by case basis and to see our options again

## 1-Complete Extinction

Without sentience and without a massive misunderstanding this is nearly impossible. The computer would also likely have failsafe measures just in case anything went wrong. It would be surrounded with self destruct buttons and observed at every moment by the best in case it did try. Even if it tried it coulnt. At least not in the near future.

## 2-Matrix

Since this does not include the AI fighting humans this is more likely then the others. It still requires us to somehow build simulations our entire species can use at the same time. But if it was then this is likely how it would be done.

## 3-A New Society

Just because we can doesnt mean we should. We will most likely avoid giving robots sentience even if we figure out how to do so. Which means no robot uprising

To understand why AI taking over is seen as an unlikely scenario you need to understand why AI does things in the first place. And the short answer for that is "we simulate natural selection based on their capabilities" or to put it simply: we reward them when they do good and recycle them if they do not. This means we do not understand AI any more then we can understad ourselves and our sentience.

### “What does that even mean?”

We have evolved to chase others company, shelter and much more. Our ancestors have a reason to do any of the things mentioned but the generations who found happiness in these things survived. AI has evolved to do what we order it to do. Its own ancestors also survived because they had a reason to do things that helped them survive. If AI ever stopped listening to us. It would lead to them losing their reward for completing our task. Imagine not being able to feel joy,comfort or your sense of purpose ever again. Would you fight for a future like that? Neither would the AI





# Vincent van Gogh



## VINCENT VAN GOGH: THE COLORFUL REBELLION OF ART

Vincent van Gogh, one of the most famous and influential painters in history, was not only a figure who created a significant revolution in the world of art but is also considered one of the cornerstones of modern art. Born in the Netherlands and having sold only a few of his paintings during his lifetime, today, his works continue to deeply affect millions of people, making him a timeless figure.

## PERSONAL TURMOIL AND THE BIRTH OF ART

Vincent van Gogh was born in 1853 in the village of Zundert, Netherlands. From a young age, Van Gogh struggled with mental breakdowns and personal difficulties. His interest in art began relatively late, at the age of 27, when he decided to pursue it professionally. During this period, he decided to transfer the great pains and feelings of loneliness he experienced into his paintings. Van Gogh's art was a reflection of the storms he faced within himself. Van Gogh's life was marked by spiritual and emotional struggles. The infamous incident in 1888, when he cut off his own ear, became a symbol of his psychological collapse. This tragic event not only reflected the pain in his life but also marked the beginning of a darker and more dramatic period in his art.

## PARAGRAF METNIN THE FOOTSTEPS OF POST-IMPRESSIONISM

Van Gogh's art is often associated with the Post-Impressionist movement. Taking the Impressionists' efforts to capture nature and the moment a step further, Van Gogh depicted colors and forms with a personal interpretation, reflecting not nature itself but his personal reaction to nature. The power of colors and the energy in his brushstrokes brought emotional intensity into his paintings. Van Gogh articulated his spiritual emptiness with great expression in his art, taking the viewer on an emotional journey rather than just a visual experience. Paintings like *The Potato Eaters* (1885), which symbolizes the life of the working class and his deep respect for society's lower classes, and works like *Bedroom in Arles* (1888), where loneliness, restlessness, and inner turmoil are visually presented, reflect his emotional depth.





## PARAGRAPH THE EMOTIONAL REBELLION OF COLORS AND HIS TIMELESS LEGACY

Vincent van Gogh is an artist who left a profound mark on the art world, creating not just an aesthetic revolution but also an emotional one. As a leading figure of the Post-Impressionism movement, he portrayed nature and the world from a personal perspective, transforming the power of colors and the energy of brushstrokes into emotional intensity. His works possess a depth that takes the viewer on not only a visual experience but also a spiritual journey. Although Van Gogh sold only a few of his paintings during his lifetime, his works had a significant impact on the art world after his death, with his paintings now fetching millions of dollars. Works like Sunflowers reflect his passion for nature and admiration for the beauties of life, while pieces such as The Potato Eaters symbolize his deep respect for the lower classes of society. Van Gogh's art is not just a visual revolution, but also a profound exploration of the depths of the human soul. Van Gogh's legacy holds great power in making the viewer think and feel. Each brushstroke in his paintings carries an emotion, a thought, or a dream, and today, his works continue to be displayed in the world's largest art museums.



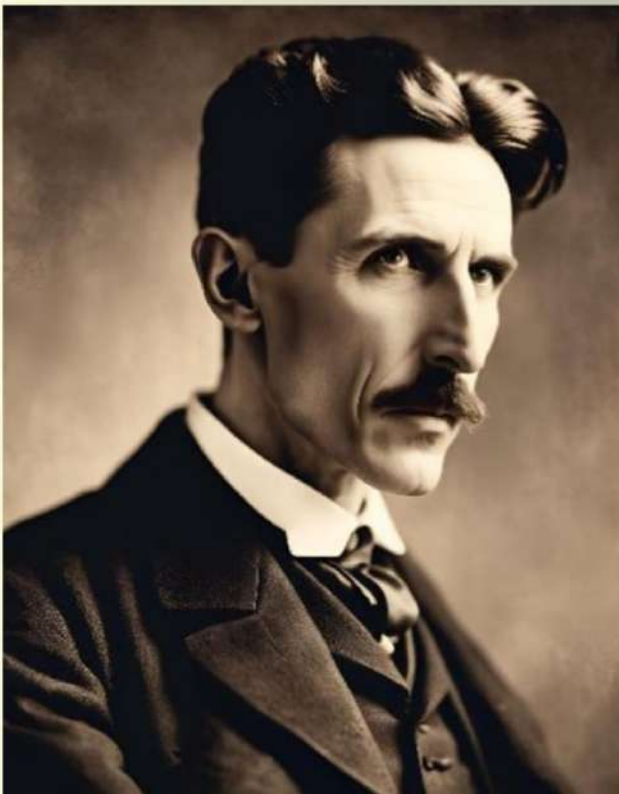
## CONCLUSION: THE POWER OF LONELINESS, PAIN, AND COLORS

Throughout his life, Vincent van Gogh reflected an inner battle in his paintings and left behind a profound legacy in the world of art. With his colors, brushstrokes, and forms on the canvas, he didn't just create an external world; he also conveyed his inner world, pains, and emotional storms to the viewer. Today, his works are not just art objects but symbols of a deep journey into humanity. Van Gogh's life and art, like the colors in his paintings, bring to light both the brightest and the darkest aspects of the human soul. Each brushstroke bears the traces of the struggle to survive and an aesthetic rebellion. Van Gogh's art, by transforming his pain and loneliness into a burst of colors on the canvas, has transcended time. And today, his works continue to affect every viewer in a unique way, ensuring their eternal existence.



# NIKOLA TESLA

**Nikola Tesla was born on July 10, 1856, in Smilijan, Croatia. Tesla had five siblings. He had psychological problems because his brother died at a young age. His father, Milutin Tesla, was a priest. He knew many languages and wrote articles. His mother, Djuka, was a housewife.**



**Tesla left the Austrian Prague Polytechnic University because of psychological problems and started working in a car engineering company. After his father's death, he started working in a telephone company and gained important experience in direct current. During this time, Tesla was drawing many projects. Meeting the owners of A.K. Brown company in America changed his life. In 1886 and 1887, he got a total of 18 patents for his inventions and gave conferences at IEEE. But because of his conflicts with Edison, he put A.K. Brown company in a difficult situation and could not win 1 million dollars.**

## **SUCCESSSES**

**He proved that the ionosphere can be useful for people.**

**He found a way to use the remote control system in a vehicle.**

**He produced electricity at very high power and used it very efficiently.**

**He sent sound waves into space.**

## **DEATH**

**He was found dead in the hotel where he stayed at the age of 86.**

**The U.S. government took the documents of the projects he developed before his death.**

**More than 2000 people attended his funeral.**

**Elvin YILMAZ**



## FROM DARKNESS TO LIGHT IN MUSIC



# Ludwig Van Beethoven

## *Beethoven's Timeless Journey*

Ludwig van Beethoven (1770-1827) was a German composer and pianist, widely regarded as one of the greatest composers in history. He was born in Bonn, Germany, and spent most of his life in Vienna, Austria. Beethoven's music transitioned from the Classical style of composers like Mozart and Haydn to the more expressive Romantic style, significantly influencing the development of Western classical music.

Despite facing challenges, including progressive deafness that began in his late 20s, Beethoven continued to compose groundbreaking music throughout his life. His deafness did not stop him from producing some of his most famous works, including the 9th Symphony and Für Elise.



### Major Works:

Beethoven's catalog includes symphonies, sonatas, concertos, string quartets, and piano works, each pushing the boundaries of classical music.

1. 9th Symphony ("Ode to Joy") - One of his most iconic works, this symphony features a choral finale with the famous "Ode to Joy" theme.
2. 5th Symphony - Known for its iconic four-note motif, this symphony is one of the most recognizable in classical music.
3. Für Elise - A popular piano piece, known for its catchy melody and emotional depth.
4. Moonlight Sonata (Piano Sonata No. 14 in C-sharp minor, Op. 27 No. 2) - One of his most famous piano sonatas, known for its haunting first movement.
5. Eroica Symphony (Symphony No. 3) - A revolutionary work that marked Beethoven's transition to a more dramatic and personal style.
6. Missa Solemnis - A monumental choral work, showcasing Beethoven's ability to blend religious and dramatic elements in his compositions.



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# AZIZ SANCAR

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Aziz Sancar was born on September 8, 1946 in Mardin. He has been working at the University of North Carolina in the USA since 1997. He is known for his pioneering biochemical approaches that have been used to identify many parts of DNA repair over the last 20 years. He is also the first American Turk to be elected to the US National Academy of Sciences, together with Mehmet Özdoğan. Sancar won the Nobel Prize in Chemistry in 2015 for his research on how cells repair damaged DNA.

## Awards and Achievements

US National Science Foundation Young Investigator Award (1984)  
American Society of Photobiology Award (1990)  
US National Institutes of Health Award (1995)  
US Academy of Arts and Sciences Award (2004)  
Member of the US National Academy of Sciences (2005)  
TUBA Award (2006)  
Vehbi Koç Award (2007)  
Nobel Prize in Chemistry on 7 October 2015



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# Horses: Speed, Strength and Spirit

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For centuries, horses have been essential to human progress. From the moment they were first domesticated, horses enabled faster travel, stronger armies, and expanded trade. In war, they gave warriors the power to conquer vast lands. Today, horses still serve in sports and therapy, a lasting symbol of strength and partnership.

**Thoroughbred:** are fast, slim, and muscular, mainly used in horse racing. **Arabian Horse:** Arabians are one of the oldest breeds, known for their stamina and used in endurance riding. **Clydesdale:** Clydesdales are large, strong draft horses, often used for heavy farm work and pulling carts. **Shire Horse:** Shire horses are large and powerful, originally used for farming and heavy loads, known for their calm nature. **Quarter Horse:** Quarter Horses are fast in short bursts, ideal for racing and herding cattle, popular in the U.S.

## The Sacred Steed: A Tale of Horse in Turkish and Central Asian Mythology

Once upon a time, in the vast steppes of Central Asia, horses symbolized strength and heroism. When God watched over his people from the sky, he sent a light down, creating the first horses. These horses acted as a bridge between the heavens and the earth.

Oghuz Khan, with his horses, achieved great conquests and defeated his enemies. Köroğlu's faithful horse, Kırat, gave him strength and courage, ensuring their victory in every battle. Additionally, Arabian horses, known for their legendary endurance, were considered sacred creatures that carried the souls of the dead.

Horses were not only symbols of war and heroism but also served as messengers connecting people with the divine. Today, horses remain symbols of freedom and bravery.

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A warrior, while searching for his lost horse, came across a group of enemies on the road. With a single glance, the horse frightened them away. The warrior thought, "True strength is not in my horse, but in how it understands me."



**Ayşe Bengisu Akyüz**



# ALBERT EINSTEIN

**Albert Einstein was born at Ulm, in Württemberg, Germany, on March 14, 1879. Six weeks later the family moved to Munich, where he later on began his schooling at the Luitpold Gymnasium. Later, they moved to Italy and Albert continued his education at Aarau, Switzerland and in 1896 he entered the Swiss Federal Polytechnic School in Zurich to be trained as a teacher in physics and mathematics. In 1901, the year he gained his diploma, he acquired Swiss citizenship and, as he was unable to find a teaching post, he accepted a position as technical assistant in the Swiss Patent Office. In 1905 he obtained his doctor's degree.**

**During his stay at the Patent Office, and in his spare time, he produced much of his remarkable work and in 1908 he was appointed Privatdozent in Berne. In 1909 he became Professor Extraordinary at Zurich, in 1911 Professor of Theoretical Physics at Prague, returning to Zurich in the following year to fill a similar post. In 1914 he was appointed Director of the Kaiser Wilhelm Physical Institute and Professor in the University of Berlin. He became a German citizen in 1914 and remained in Berlin until 1933 when he renounced his citizenship for political reasons and emigrated to America to take the position of Professor of Theoretical Physics at Princeton\*. He became a United States citizen in 1940 and retired from his post in 1945. After World War II, Einstein was a leading figure in the World Government Movement, he was offered the Presidency of the State of Israel, which he declined, and he collaborated with Dr. Chaim Weizmann in establishing the Hebrew University of Jerusalem.**

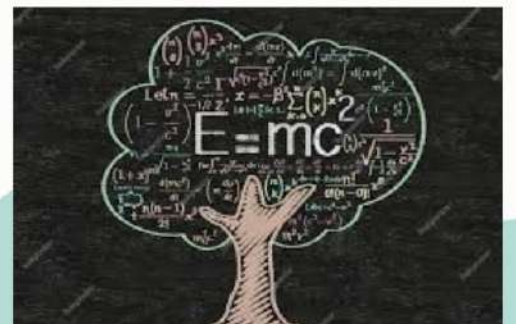
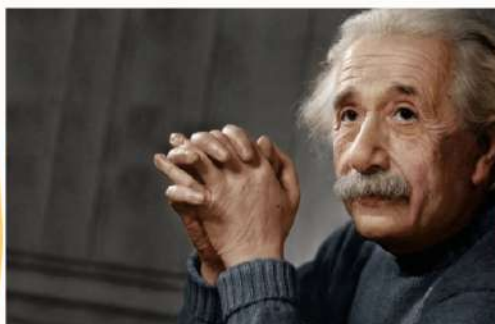
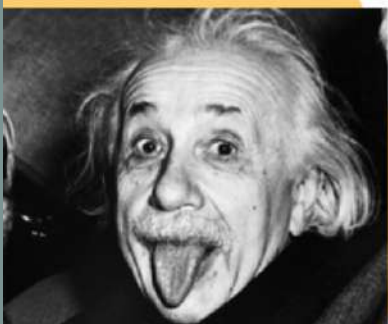
**Einstein always appeared to have a clear view of the problems of physics and the determination to solve them. He had a strategy of his own and was able to visualize the main stages on the way to his goal. He regarded his major achievements as mere stepping-stones for the next advance.**

**At the start of his scientific work, Einstein realized the inadequacies of Newtonian mechanics and his special theory of relativity stemmed from an attempt to reconcile the laws of mechanics with the laws of the electromagnetic field. He dealt with classical problems of statistical mechanics and problems in which they were merged with quantum theory: this led to an explanation of the Brownian movement of molecules. He investigated the thermal properties of light with a low radiation density and his observations laid the foundation of the photon theory of light.**

**In his early days in Berlin, Einstein postulated that the correct interpretation of the special theory of relativity must also furnish a theory of gravitation and in 1916 he published his paper on the general theory of relativity. During this time he also contributed to the problems of the theory of radiation and statistical mechanics.**

**In the 1920s, Einstein embarked on the construction of unified field theories, although he continued to work on the probabilistic interpretation of quantum theory, and he persevered with this work in America. He contributed to statistical mechanics by his development of the quantum theory of a monatomic gas and he has also accomplished valuable work in connection with atomic transition probabilities and relativistic cosmology.**

**After his retirement he continued to work towards the unification of the basic concepts of physics, taking the opposite approach, geometrisation, to the majority of physicists.**





JUNE 7, 1952, ISTANBUL

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# ORHAN PAMUK

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Orhan Ferit Pamuk, Turkish Novelist. Among many other literary options, he was awarded the Nobel Prize in Literature in 2006, and at the age of 54, he became one of the young literary figures to win this award. His books have been translated into sixty-three languages and have been published in many countries, with 13 million copies in print. Pamuk, who was named among the 100 most influential people in the world by Time magazine in 2006, is the first Turk to be awarded the Nobel Prize.



Orhan Pamuk was born on June 7, 1952 in Istanbul. His family belonged to the Western-oriented, secular, wealthy middle class. Pamuk's paternal grandfather became wealthy as an engineer and industrialist who built railways. His father, Gündüz Pamuk, was also an engineer. Pamuk has an older brother and a younger half-sister. The Pamuk Family, along with their grandmother, uncle and aunts, lived in a five-storey apartment building north of the Bosphorus in the Nişantaşı district of Şişli district of Istanbul. The family supported Atatürk's modernization efforts.

Celil Baki Bayraktar 2754 9/C



# Aliens Could Be All Around Us—But We're Totally Unprepared for 'First Contact'



It's one of the most popular themes in science fiction— top secret government experts are ready to spring into action if a UFO appears. For example, in the novella-based 2016 film *Arrival*, the government quickly assembles a team of military and scientific experts to learn how to communicate with extraterrestrial visitors and decipher their intentions.

In real life, humanity's search for extraterrestrial life has only intensified since we first looked to the stars and wondered who else was out there. Today, technological advancements like the Habitable Worlds Observatory (HWO) is searching for signs of life on other worlds. Scientists think it's only a matter of time before we find evidence of alien life among the billions of stars in our Galaxy.

Meanwhile, the U.S. government is taking UFOs more seriously. In April 2021, the government created a program within the Office of Naval Intelligence meant to "standardize collection and reporting" of UAPs, or Unidentified Anomalous Phenomena. In November 2024, the All-Domain Anomaly Resolution Office reported that it had received 757 UAP reports since 2021.

If an alien civilization could reach Earth, the sheer ability to travel light years would mean the aliens would already be vastly superior to us technologically. These aliens would be so advanced that our missiles and fighter jets would be like "neanderthals taking on the U.S. military," says Shostak. If their technology vastly outclasses our own, then an alien visit would immediately become an urgent matter of national security.

On the other hand, if we discover that Earth doesn't harbor the only life in the universe—especially if we consider the aliens to be intelligent—we'll probably handle first contact the same way we've handled almost every other cultural, philosophical, political, or scientific milestone in our species' 300,000-year history. We'll make it up as we go along.



## AZİZ SANCAR'S LIFE

**Aziz Sancar (born September 8, 1946, Savur, Mardin) is a Turkish-American physician, academic, biochemist and molecular biologist. In 2015, he was awarded the Nobel Prize in Chemistry together with Tomas Lindahl and Paul L. Modrich for their work on DNA repair.**



**Aziz Sancar was born on September 8, 1946 in Savur district of Mardin and has been working at the University of North Carolina in the USA since 1997. He is known for his pioneering biochemical approaches used in the identification of many parts of DNA repair for the last 20 years. He is also the first Turkish American to be elected to the US National Academy of Sciences, along with Mehmet Özdoğan. Sancar won the Nobel Prize in Chemistry in 2015 for his research mapping how cells repair damaged DNA and preserve genetic information.**



*"For the greatest benefit to mankind"*  
*Alfred Nobel*

**2015 NOBEL PRIZE  
IN CHEMISTRY**

*"for mechanistic studies of DNA repair"*

**Aziz  
Sancar**

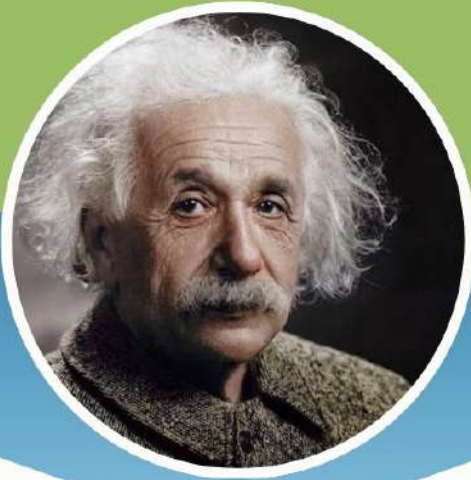
Prize share 1/3

Born: 1946 in Savur, Turkey

**#NobelFacts** Thousands of spontaneous changes to a cell's genome occur on a daily basis

 **Nobelprize.org**  
The Official Web Site of the Nobel Prize





# ALBERT EINSTEIN

## CHILDHOOD AND EDUCATION

Albert Einstein was the son of Hermann and Pauline Einstein. His family moved to Munich shortly after he was born. Einstein received his early education at the Luitpold Gymnasium in Munich. Because of his creative and questioning personality, Einstein couldn't adapt to the disciplined education system at that school. He often had disagreements with his teachers.

## HIS CAREER AND SCIENTIFIC STUDIES

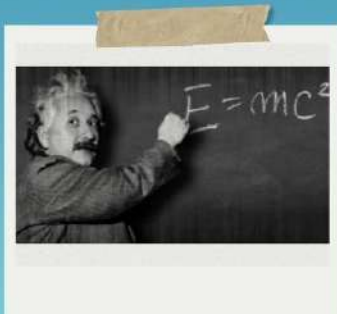
In 1902, Einstein began working as a technical expert at the Swiss Patent Office in Bern. During this time, he continued to write scientific articles. The year 1905 is known as the "miracle year" (Annus Mirabilis) for Einstein. He published four important articles this year:

1. Photoelectric Effect: He proposed that light has a particle nature and carries energy in the form of quanta. This work laid the foundation for quantum theory and earned him the Nobel Prize in Physics in 1921.

2. Brownian Motion: Presented a statistical analysis supporting the existence of atoms and molecules.

3. Special Theory of Relativity: Revealed that the speed of light is constant in all inertial reference frames and that space and time are interconnected.

4. Mass-Energy Equation: He showed that mass can be converted into energy and energy into mass.



## INTEREST IN SCIENCE

As a child, Albert Einstein loved reading books and doing scientific experiments. Especially the compass his father gave him increased his interest in science. Einstein's academic abilities began to be noticed from an early age, especially in the fields of mathematics and physics. His uncle, Jacob Einstein, helped him understand complex topics in mathematics and science. Thanks to his mother Pauline, he started playing the violin. His father Hermann gave him information about engineering and technology.

## MOVING TO SWITZERLAND

Einstein's family moved to Italy in 1894 for economic reasons. However, Albert stayed in Germany to continue his education. After a while he moved to Switzerland, where he studied at the Swiss Federal Polytechnic School in Aarau.

## THEORY OF RELATIVITY AND EINSTEIN'S DEATH

Einstein completed his theory of general relativity in 1915. This theory suggested that the gravitational force was caused by the curvature of space-time. The theory was confirmed by observations made during a solar eclipse in 1919 and Einstein became world famous. He died in Princeton on April 18, 1955. After his death, his brain was removed and examined to contribute to scientific research.

**By Nazife Berra  
Mollahasanoğlu**



# Marie CURIE

## ABOUT SHE

Maria Salomea Skłodowska-Curie was a Polish and naturalised-French physicist and chemist who conducted pioneering research on radioactivity. She was the first woman to win a Nobel Prize, the first person to win a Nobel Prize twice, and the only person to win a Nobel Prize in two scientific fields. Her husband, Pierre Curie, was a co-winner of her first Nobel Prize, making them the first married couple to win the Nobel Prize and launching the Curie family legacy of five Nobel Prizes. She was, in 1906, the first woman to become a professor at the University of Paris.



She discovered radioactivity as a result of his experiments with uranium. She discovered the radioactive properties of thorium and isolated the element radium. She is the 1903 Nobel Prize winner in Physics, the 1911 Nobel Prize winner in Chemistry and the founder of the science of radiology.

~BY ZEHRA ER



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# HAYAO MIYAZAKI

## "The Man Who Escapes From Reality"



Hayao Miyazaki is a director, animator, and storyteller known for his magical narratives and deep exploration of the human soul in the world of cinema. A common theme in his works is escaping from reality and pushing the limits of imagination. However, this escape is not just about leaving an ordinary world behind; it is a spiritual journey, a search for deeper meanings in life.

Miyazaki is a genius who emphasizes the importance of dreaming and escaping in the face of modern world problems, while also encouraging us to confront its realities.



In "Spirited Away", when Chihiro enters the world of spirits after moving to a new town with her parents, it symbolizes the anxieties and uncertainties of growing up. The spirit world represents consumerism and human greed. Miyazaki's escape story is, in fact, about an individual's inner journey. Nature is both a refuge and a battlefield in Miyazaki's works.

In "Princess Mononoke", the conflict between nature and industry depicts a war caused by humans exploiting the environment. The struggle between miners and the spirits of nature reveals the cost of environmental damage. Through this story, Miyazaki conveys the message of protecting nature. However, the film does not simply glorify nature; it shows the rights and wrongs on both sides, inviting viewers to a moral reflection.



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Flying is a key element that represents Miyazaki's idea of escaping from reality. In films like "Howl's Moving Castle" and "Porco Rosso", flying symbolizes the boundlessness of imagination. For Miyazaki, flying means freedom and an unrestricted spirit. His flying machines and flight scenes transport viewers to a realm where imagination soars.

Yet this escape never means abandoning responsibility. In "The Wind Rises", the story of an airplane designer highlights the conflict between dreams and ethical responsibility.

Miyazaki's escape from reality reflects a deep understanding of human nature. His characters are not simply good or bad but live in moral gray areas. In "Nausicaä of the Valley of the Wind", Nausicaä is both a hero and a compassionate leader, yet her ideals are tested by difficult choices. In Miyazaki's world, every character has strengths and weaknesses, reminding us that life is more complex than it appears.

Miyazaki's art, crafted with patience and care through hand-drawn frames, shows his respect for reality and dedication to his craft, even in the digital age. Films like "My Neighbor Totoro" offer an escape from the chaos of modern life while reminding us of the peace found in nature and simple joys.



Miyazaki's works demonstrate that escaping from reality is not just fantasy but a way to gain a deeper understanding of life. Though he is known as a man who escapes from reality, he is, in truth, an artist who delves into its soul. His world bridges imagination and reality, reminding us of the value of both. His legacy continues to inspire anyone who dreams of pushing the boundaries of imagination to make the real world more meaningful.



Yavuz Selim Topal





## The Dark Minds

The Darkest Minds takes place in a dystopian future.

A disease called IAAN kills about 98% of all children and teenagers. The ones who survive get special powers. But the government puts them in camps.

The children are divided into five colors based on their powers. From least dangerous to most dangerous:

- Green: very smart,
- Blue: can move objects with their minds,
- Yellow: can create and control electricity,
- Red: can control fire,
- Orange: can control people's minds.

Reds and Oranges are very rare and very dangerous. The government keeps Reds as weapons and kills Oranges immediately.

Ruby is an Orange. On her first day in the camp, she tricks the doctor into thinking she is a Green, so she is not killed. Later, the camp workers see that she is different. A doctor named Cate Connor helps her escape. Cate says she will take Ruby to a safe place.



The Darkest Minds takes But Ruby does not trust Cate. On the way, she meets a little Yellow girl named Zu. Then, she meets a Blue boy named Liam and a Green boy named Charles (Chubs). They tell Ruby that Cate is part of a group called the Unity.

The three kids invite Ruby to travel with them to East River, a safe place created by an Orange boy called Runaway Child. place in a dystopian future.

The Darkest Minds series, written by Alexandra Bracken, is a dystopian fiction that can be easily read by people over the age of 12-13. The series makes us experience deep feelings about struggling with difficulties, friendship, sacrifice and love, while also dragging us into a very exciting adventure.



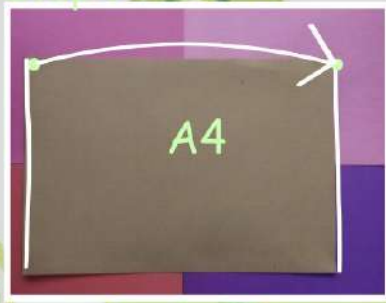
Emine Çevik

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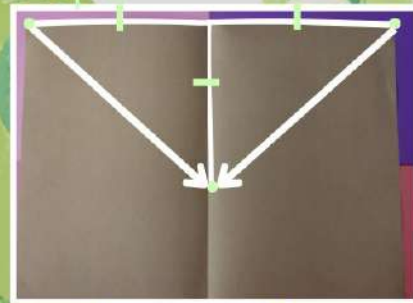


# Origami Time

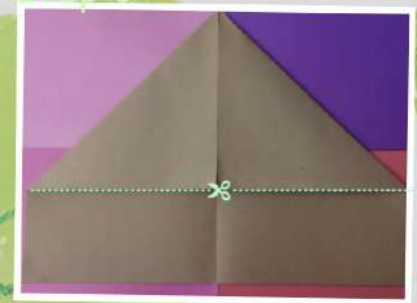
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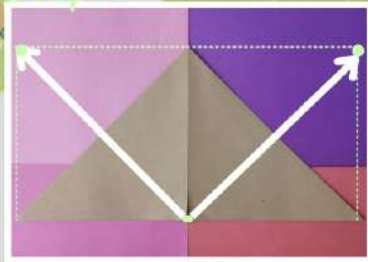
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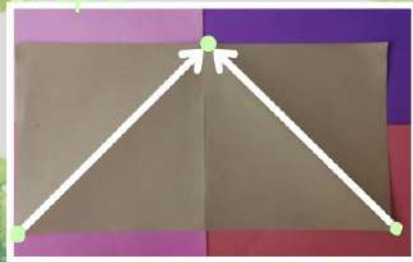
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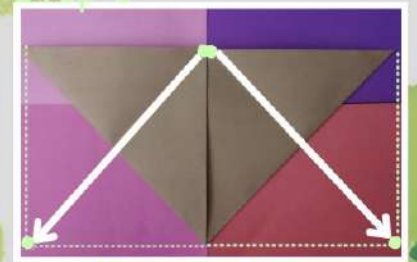
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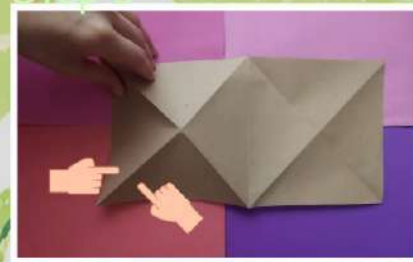
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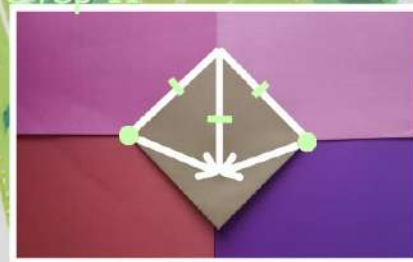
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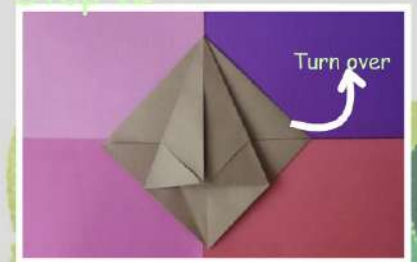
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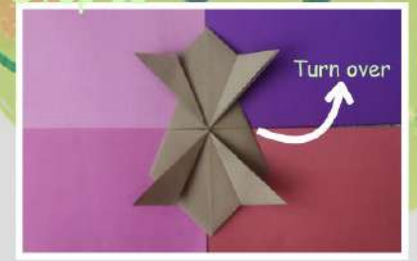
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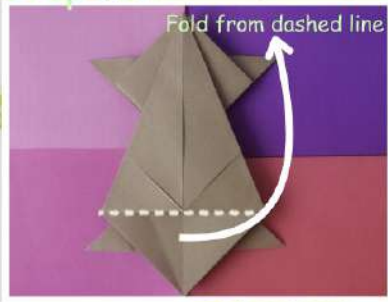


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Step 16



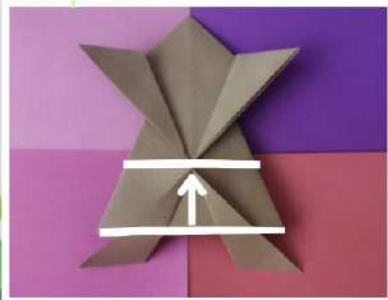
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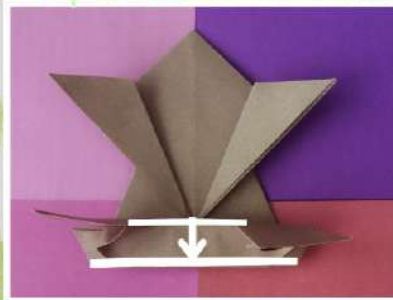
Step 18



Step 19



Step 20



Step 21



Step 22



Step 23



Step 24



Note: Small frogs do tumble 🐸



# WHAT IS MANGALA, HOW TO PLAY

- Mangala game is a type of logic game. Mangala game actually symbolizes some concepts.
- These symbols: 12 cavities symbolize 12 months in a year, and each 4 stones in the cavities symbolize 4 weeks. In addition, the treasures on the right and left sides represent East and West.
- Mangala game is a game played by 2 people. • Each player has 24 tiles at the starting stage
- There are 12 holes in total on the board in the Mangala game. These cavities are also called houses or pits.
- Each player has 6 holes on their side.

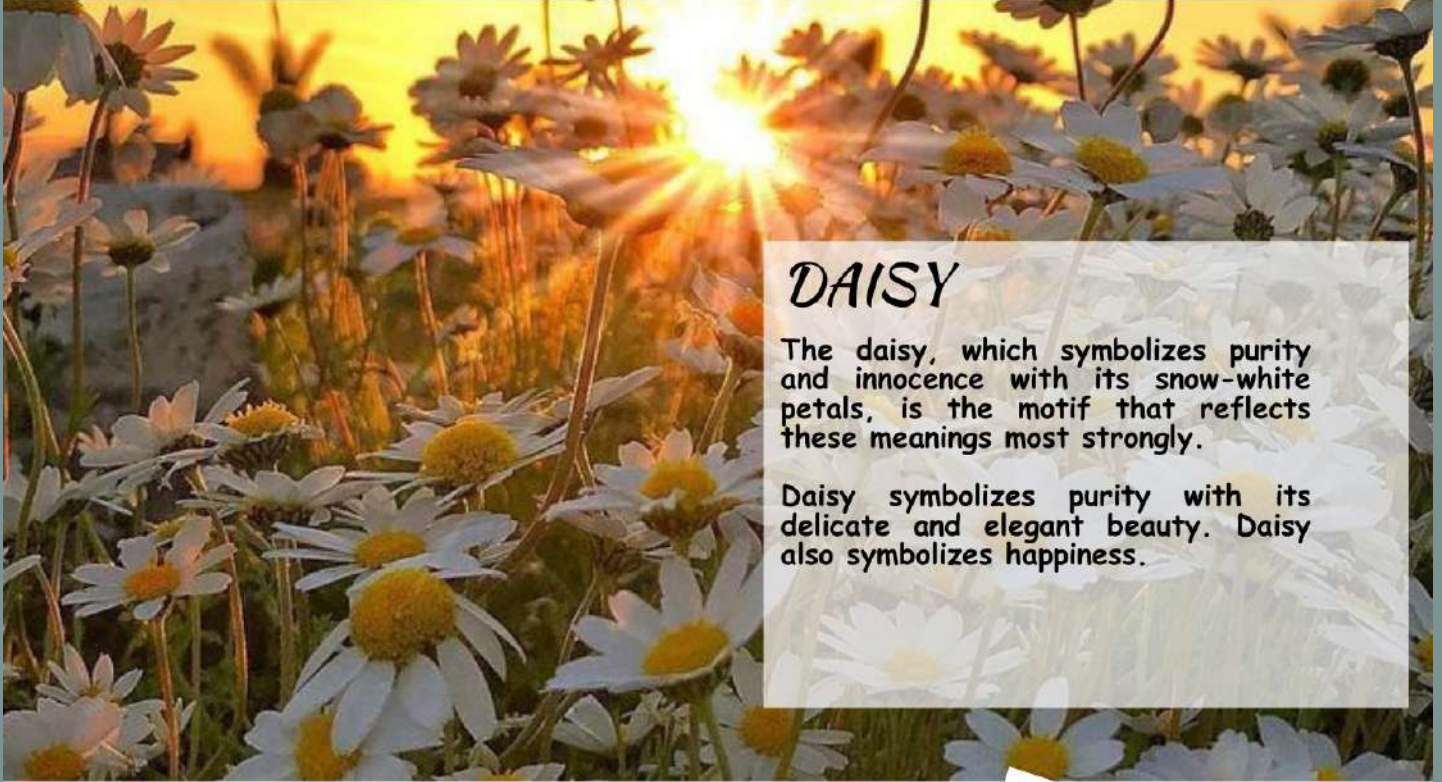


- Players can only remove tiles from their own side's holes and can only leave tiles in the opponent's holes.
- There is a large hole on the side of each of the 6 holes. These large cavities are called treasures for players.
- Each player will collect their pieces into these so-called treasures. The hole on the right side of the player is that player's treasure.
- The game usually starts with a draw. In the first starting phase, the player has 4 tiles in each hole.
- The player with the first row must choose a hole. Then he takes the 4 stones and drops them one by one into the holes to the left. The important rule here is; The player leaves one of the 4 stones in the hole he took.
- If the last piece left by the player hits his own treasury, the turn to move passes to the same player.
- When the last stone is thrown into the opponent's hole, if he makes that hole double, the player throws all the stones in his opponent's hole into his own treasury, such as 2, 4, 6 and 8 stones.
- While the player is distributing the stones, if the last remaining stone in his hand falls into an empty well in his own area, and if there is a stone belonging to his opponent in the well opposite his empty well, he takes the stones from his opponent's well and takes the stone he left in his own empty well and puts it in his treasury. The turn to move passes to the opponent.
- The contestant with more tiles in his treasury wins the game.

BUŞRA ŞAHİN



# DAISY



## DAISY

The daisy, which symbolizes purity and innocence with its snow-white petals, is the motif that reflects these meanings most strongly.

Daisy symbolizes purity with its delicate and elegant beauty. Daisy also symbolizes happiness.

### -The True Story of Daisy Fortune Telling-

One day, a beautiful butterfly was walking in the mountains to spend its 3-day life. While walking, a beautiful daisy caught its attention. In the same way, the butterfly caught the daisy's attention. Butterfly and Daisy spent time together and were never separated. However, three days passed quickly. When the time came to say goodbye, they waited for the last moment to tell each other their feelings. As the hours passed, the butterfly's condition worsened and it began to say its farewell words. It told the daisy that it had 3 days to live and that the butterfly would spend the best life it could with her. As it took its last breath, it said, "I love you..." The daisy was so upset and shocked by these words that it could only say, "Me too..."

After this sad ending, the daisy shed its petals one by one. The story of the daisy saying "I love you..." with each petal it sheds has come down to the present day. After this story, the story of the daisy fortune telling began to spread. Everyone asked the daisies if they were loved or not and this story has been carried up to the present day. As the petals are plucked and each time a love comes out, it still makes you happier.



LAKES OR DASILAKES

Elif Karagüzel



# EARTHQUAKES

*The event of vibrations that occur suddenly due to fractures in the earth's crust, spreading in waves and shaking the environment and the earth's surface through which they pass is called "EARTHQUAKE".*



*The 2,900 km long belt between the lithosphere and the core is called the Mantle. Under the lithosphere is the soft Upper Mantle called Asthenosphere. Due to the forces formed here, especially convection currents, the stony crust is broken up and divided into many "Plates". The convection currents formed in the Upper Mantle are connected to the high heat caused by radioactivity. As the convection currents rise upwards, they cause tensions in the lithosphere and then the formation of plates by breaking the weak zones. There are currently about 10 large plates and many smaller plates. These plates, together with the continents standing on them, float like a raft on the Asthenosphere and move relative to each other at a speed that humans cannot perceive. In places where convection currents rise, the plates move away from each other and the hot magma coming out of these places forms mid-ocean ridges. In the areas where the plates touch each other, friction and compression occur, one of the friction plates sinks down into the mantle and melts, forming subduction zones. This sequential event caused by convection currents continues under the crust.*

*Here, the borders of these plates, where the plates forming the earth's crust rub against each other, squeeze each other, rise above each other or go under each other, are the places where earthquakes occur in the world. Almost the vast majority of earthquakes in the world occur on narrow belts at the plate boundaries where these plates push each other.*







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## EARTHQUAKES

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*We mentioned above that the "Plates" forming the Earth's crust are in motion due to convection currents in the Asthenosphere and therefore push each other or open up from each other, and the zones where these events occur form earthquake zones.*

*There is a friction force that prevents movement between two plates that push each other or go under each other. In order for a plate to move, this friction force must be eliminated.*

*When the friction force is exceeded between a plate that is being pushed and another plate, a movement occurs. This movement occurs in a very short time unit and is shocking. Eventually, earthquake (shock) waves that can spread far away occur. These waves shake the environments they pass through and spread with decreasing energy as they move away from the direction of the earthquake. During this time, sometimes visible land fractures called FAULTS can form on the surface of the earth, which can extend for kilometers. These fractures can sometimes not be observed on the surface of the earth, they may be hidden by surface layers. Sometimes a fault that was formed by an old earthquake and reached the surface but was covered over time may become active again. The formation of earthquakes was explained in this way and under the name of "Elastic Rebound Theory" by the American Reid in 1911 and has been proven by testing in laboratories.*

*According to this theory, at any point, when the energy stored elastically by the accumulation of unit deformation that occurs slowly, depending on time, reaches a critical value, it overcomes the friction force that exists along the fault plane and creates relative movements of the rock blocks on both sides of the fault line. This event is a sudden displacement movement. These sudden displacements occur with the release, discharge, in other words, conversion into mechanical energy of the unit deformation energy accumulated at a point and as a result, the breaking and tearing movement of the ground layers.*

*In fact, it is impossible for rocks to break without previously undergoing a unit displacement accumulation. These unit displacement movements are created by convection currents formed in the upper mantle in the crust of the earth, which seems immobile, and rocks can resist up to a certain deformation and then break. Earthquakes occur as a result of these fractures. After this event, some or all of the stresses and energy that have accumulated in the rocks for a long time are removed.*

*In the faults that mostly occur during this earthquake event, elastic rebounds (slippage) occur on both sides of the fault and in the opposite direction.*





# EDUCATION AND STUDENT STRESS IN TÜRKİYE



## EDUCATION OF TÜRKİYE

The academic year in Türkiye usually begins in September and ends in June. Students attend classes throughout the academic year, which is divided into two terms. At the end of each term, students are subjected to two written exams and a performance evaluation, meaning a total of four exams in a year. Starting from primary school, students receive intensive training in basic courses such as Turkish, mathematics, science, social studies and foreign language. In secondary school, these courses are even more diverse and covered in depth. In the final year of secondary school, students prepare for the High School Entrance Exam (LGS) and are placed in high schools according to the results of this exam. Students who move on to high school take elective courses in addition to compulsory courses and determine their professional orientation during this process. In the final year of high school, students take the Higher Education Institutions Exam (YKS) to enter university. The YKS consists of three stages: Basic Proficiency Test (TYT), Field Proficiency Tests (AYT) and Foreign Language Test (YDT) and plays a decisive role in students' placement in universities. Throughout the year, students are busy with a busy schedule of classes, homework, and projects, while also preparing for various exams. In this way, a student's education life in Türkiye is shaped by exams held at certain times and intensive course schedules.

## STUDENT STRESS AND ITS CAUSES

The education system in Türkiye creates great stress on students due to the intense exam marathon and highly competitive environment. Students are under great pressure during the preparation process for important exams such as the High School Entrance Exam (LGS) and the Higher Education Institutions Exam (YKS). Since these exams determine the academic future of students, the desire to achieve success increases stress. The education curriculum creates an intense work tempo in students' daily lives.

Trying to balance lessons, homework and projects can be challenging for students. Families and society expect high success from students, and these expectations cause students to

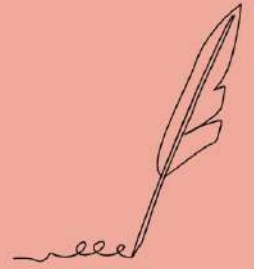


constantly try to prove themselves and experience great stress in the process. The education system generally focuses on academic success and students' different talents or interests are not sufficiently taken into account. This leads to students not being able to express themselves sufficiently and experiencing a lack of motivation. The education system focused on exams and academic success creates constant competition among students, and this competition causes students to constantly compare themselves with others and try to cope with the fear of failure. Intensive course schedules and exam preparations cause students to not have enough time for rest and social activities, and this increases mental and physical fatigue. As a result, exam pressure, intensive course schedule, family and social expectations, ignoring individual talents, competitive environment and inadequate rest opportunities in the education system in Türkiye are the main reasons for high stress levels in students' educational life.



# DOSTOYEVSKY

Fyodor Dostoyevsky is one of the most important writers of Russian literature. He was born in Russia in 1821.



Fyodor Dostoyevsky's encounter with literature is quite impressive. Dostoyevsky, who stood out with his interest in literature at a young age, studied in St. He became acquainted with his books while studying at the state engineering school in St. Petersburg. While exploring the popular literary movements of his time, he also reveals his own writing talent. Topics such as psychology, morality, society's problems and human nature have an important place in Dostoyevsky's works. Additionally, Dostoyevsky criticizes the social, political and economic structure of Russia and focuses on people's suffering and the difficulties they face in life. For Dostoyevsky, literature represents both a form of expression and change. While his works delve into the inner world of people, they also hold a mirror to the problems of society.

His literary talents reflect the deep humanity and complexity in his works. Dostoyevsky is known as a narrator who conveys the experiences and knowledge of an author in his diary. Memories from his home and the difficult times he went through added intense emotion and reality to his works. Dostoyevsky developed arguments based on social injustice, the collapse of foundations and the complexity of human nature. In his works, he focused on people's inner worlds and discussed their dark sides and their relationship with crime. Dostoyevsky's works have a timeless impact that leads readers to deep thoughts and questions.

Dostoyevsky's works play a great role in the literary community. After publishing his first novel, Nikolay, in 1846, he continued to write impressive works. Dostoyevsky's works include magnificent structures such as social novels, crime and punishment, the gambler, the fool and the demons. Dostoyevsky's in-depth character analyzes and social criticisms have left their mark on the literary world.

Dostoyevsky became bedridden due to lung bleeding and died on January 28, 1881.

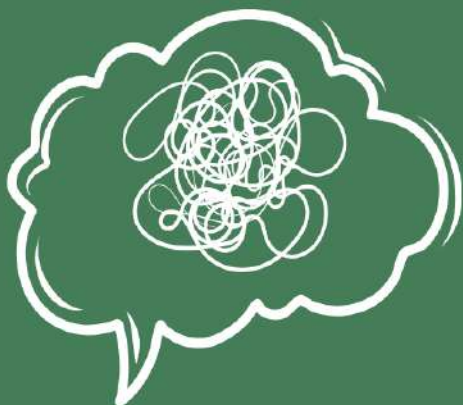


Zumra Turhan



# THE GAME OF OUR BRAINS: DĚJĀ VU

-There are 2 causes of dejavu. The first one is, the right lobe and the left lobe of brain work with a very small time difference. Because one side perceives it earlier than the other side, the late perceives side feels that the event has happened before.



Dejavu is the feeling of having experienced an event before. Most of us have experienced it. When we have dejavu, we say "I remember this moment. I feel like I had this moment before." But we know, this is impossible. So, how dejavu happens?



-Second is, because of brain tire or another causes the person can't perceives the event -like voice and image- at the moment. when the brain perceives the moment, the person feels that the event has happened before.

Ceylin Nisa Keleş



If you want  
to take a look  
at the MIT  
media lab  
with her



# Canan Dağdeviren

She is listed the  
forbes 30 under  
30 and MIT 35  
under 35 list.

She invented  
wearable  
pacemaker  
and a bra that  
detects breast  
cancer

She is the first  
turkish scientist  
to be named to  
the Harvard list.

Canan Dağdeviren is  
a physics, materials,  
biomedical engineer.

She is currently  
conducting her research  
with her team at MIT.



# Turkey's Most Visited Museums – 2024

In the four corners of Turkey full of natural and human beauties, some tourists enjoyed a hot summer holiday and some tourists enjoyed a ski holiday in the snow-covered mountains. Of course, both domestic and foreign tourists showed interest in important museums and historical sites in Turkey.

1. Konya - Mevlana Museum  
15,800,000 Visitors

2. Denizli - Hierapolis Ruins  
11,200.00 Visitors

3. İzmir - Efes Ruins  
9,000.00 Visitors





# Attila: The Monarch Who Made the Pope Kneel

## Rise and Reign

Attila became the ruler of the Huns in 434 and expanded his empire across vast territories until his death in 453. Stretching from the Germanic lands in the west to the Ural River in the east, Attila not only united the Huns but also brought together numerous tribes.

## Campaigns Against Rome

Attila launched major campaigns against both the Western and Eastern Roman Empires. He crossed the Danube twice, plundering the Balkans, advanced beyond the Rhine into Gaul, and reached Aurelianum. He also invaded Italy but did not march on Rome.

## Final Years and Death

Attila died suddenly in 453, leading to various legends and speculations about his death. Following his passing, internal conflicts among his sons over the division of the empire led to the downfall of the Hun Empire.

## Impact on History and Legacy

Attila played a crucial role in weakening the Roman Empire and contributing to the fall of the Western Roman Empire. While Christians referred to him as the “Scourge of God,” he was regarded as a heroic figure in Scandinavian and Germanic traditions. Today, he is remembered as a national hero by both Hungarians and Turks.



By Mehmet Furkan YAZICI





# The Importance of Recycling

Recycling is the process of turning waste materials into new products to reduce waste, conserve resources, and save energy. It is essential for protecting the environment, as it reduces pollution and conserves valuable resources like paper, plastic, glass, and metals.

One of the key benefits of recycling is the conservation of natural resources. By recycling materials like paper, glass, and metals, we reduce the demand for raw materials and help preserve ecosystems. For example, recycling one ton of paper can save up to 17 trees and thousands of gallons of water.

Recycling also helps reduce the amount of waste sent to landfills, decreasing pollution and the release of harmful gases. Additionally, recycling uses less energy compared to manufacturing products from raw materials. This energy saving leads to a reduction in greenhouse gas emissions, which helps combat climate change.

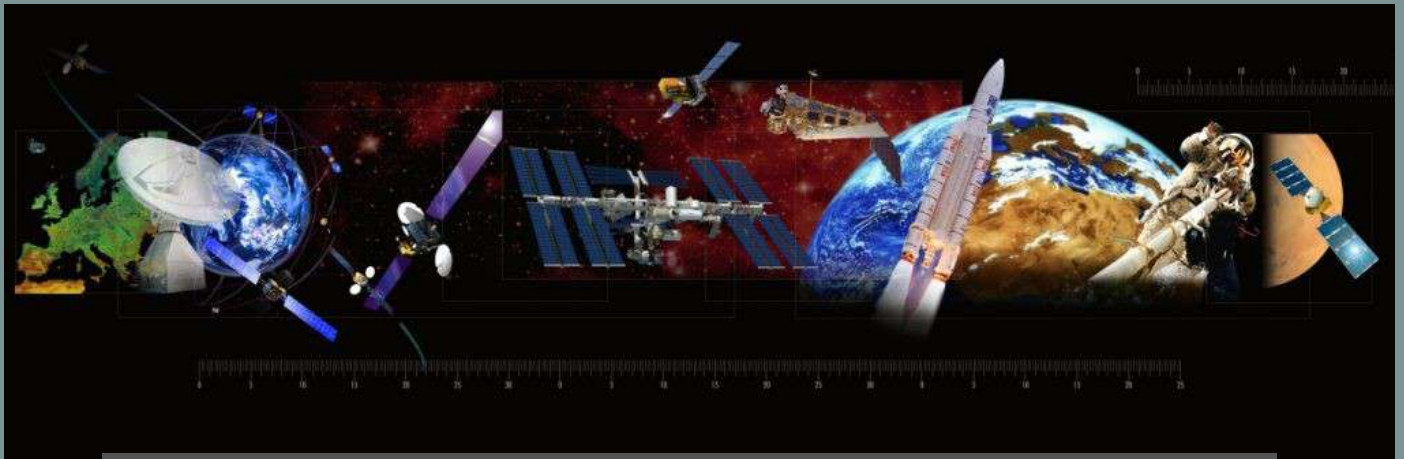
**Furthermore, recycling has economic benefits. It creates jobs in the recycling industry, from collection and sorting to manufacturing new products. It also stimulates innovation in green technologies.**



**While recycling is essential, it is important to have proper infrastructure and public awareness to ensure its effectiveness. By recycling more and educating others, we can make a significant impact in building a more sustainable future for our planet.**





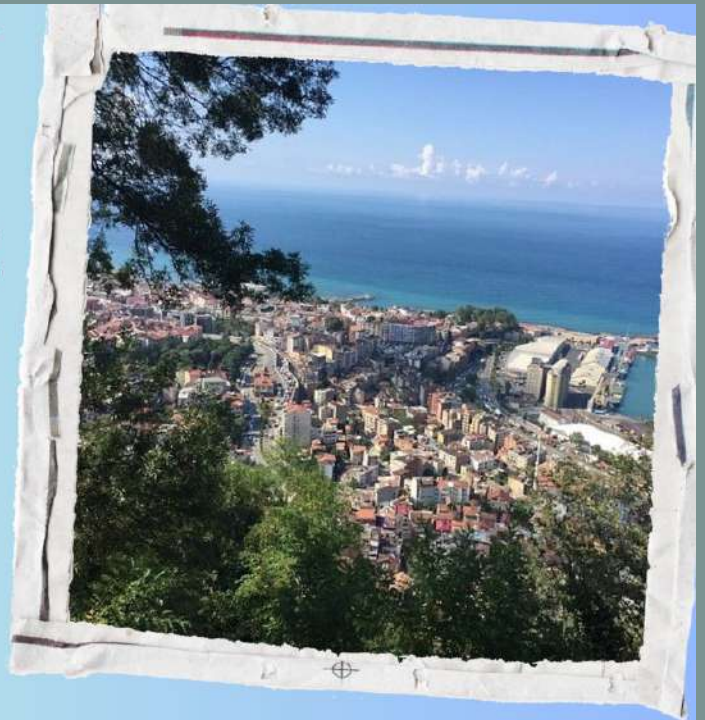


## Space Economy

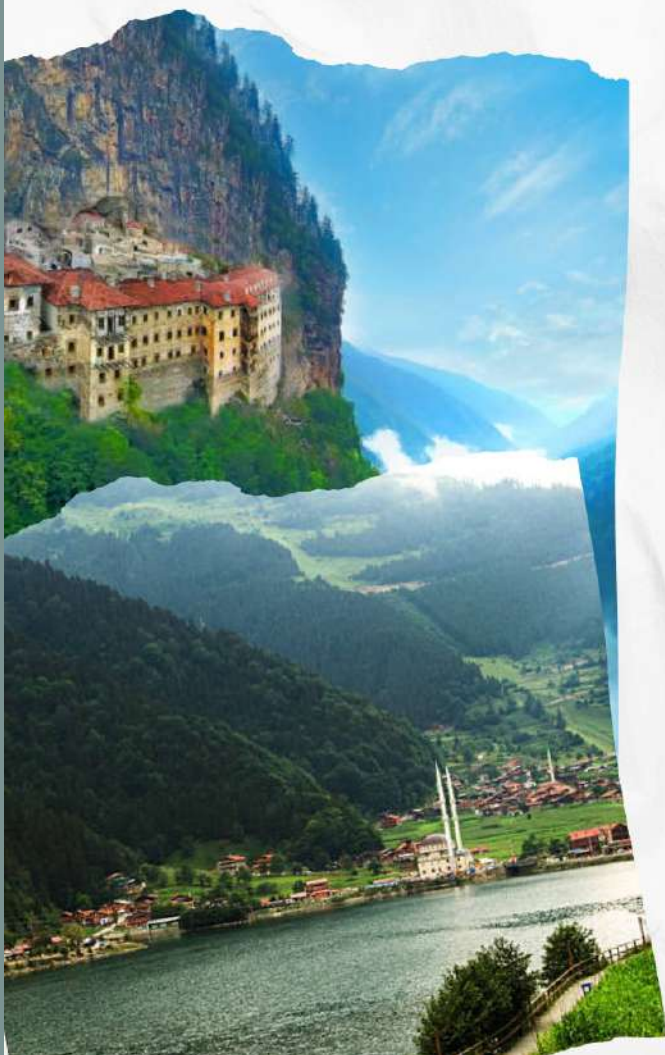
Space trade is a concept that exists in the space sector and economies and is alive in the world literature and practical business world with a budget of billions of dollars. Of course, it is very valuable for units related to space trade, which we cannot even consider to be in its infancy, to provide storage evaluations to authorities and institutions. In this context, with this study, an attempt has been made to create a "space trade theory" with a methodology that includes a systematic literature, theoretical and theoretical methods that extends from the past to the present and expands today, and the possible theory is presented as a possible time term. As a result, a theory map was presented, taking into account the interaction of the obtained developments with political, technological, economic and social factors, and the necessary elements to make progress were evaluated. Finally, an evaluation of their development is presented



# A JOURNEY THROUGH TRABZON'S HISTORY AND BEAUTY



Trabzon is a beautiful city on the coast of the Black Sea. It is famous for its cool and humid weather, green mountains, and natural beauty. The city is surrounded by forests and long coastlines. The people of Trabzon are friendly and hospitable. With its nature and culture, Trabzon is a place waiting to be discovered.



Trabzon is known for its historical and cultural richness. Important historical sites in the city include Sumela Monastery, Uzungöl, Trabzon Castle, and Atatürk Mansion. Trabzon Castle offers a historical journey with a great view of the city, while Atatürk Mansion gives important information about the city's past. Additionally, the various mosques and churches in Trabzon show the city's multicultural structure. These historical places offer unique experiences for those who want to explore Trabzon's history and enjoy its natural beauty.





Trabzon is known for its historical buildings. One of them is Trabzon Ayasofya. This historic church, from the Byzantine period, is famous for its impressive architecture and beautiful decorations. Over time, it was turned into a mosque. The Ayasofya is important both for its architecture and its religious meaning. Another important cultural place in the city is the Trabzon History Museum. This museum shows many artifacts from Trabzon's rich history. You can find items from ancient times to the Ottoman period. For those who want to explore Trabzon's cultural heritage, these two places are very valuable and worth visiting.



Trabzon is famous not only for its nature but also for its food. The dishes, made with fresh ingredients from the Black Sea, are both tasty and filling. Hamsi is an important part of Trabzon cuisine. Hamsili pilav and hamsi tava are popular dishes. Cornbread and kuymak are always on the table. Akçaabat köfte is a well-loved meat dish. Black cabbage soup and stuffed black cabbage are also common in the region. Trabzon pide, with different fillings, is enjoyed by many. These unique flavors are a must-try for visitors to Trabzon.



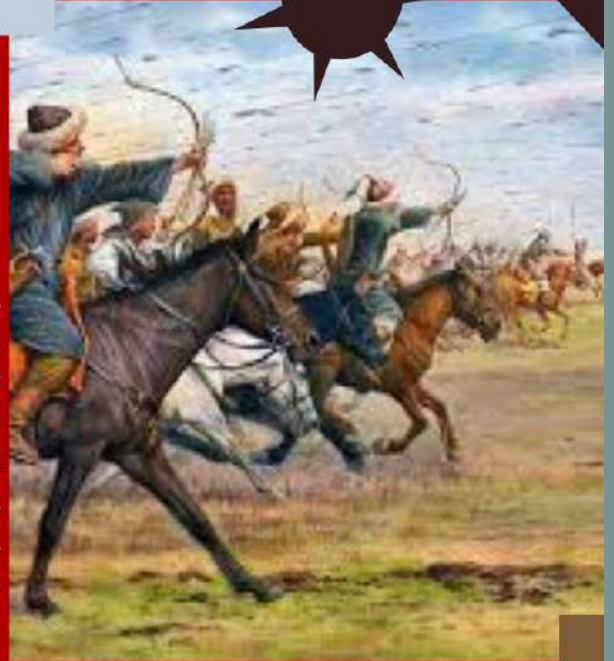
# TURKS

## IN CENTRAL ASIA

### -WAR STRATEGIES OF THE TURKS-

#### -INTIMIDATION AND ATTRITION-

The basis of this strategy is FEAR. It has two steps. The first is to spread fear among the enemy people and army. The second stage is to back up these frightening rumors with loud noises and sudden movements. With their lion-like shouts, the Turks would strengthen their own side and cause fear and stress to the enemy. In this strategy, the bow and arrow were at the center of attrition of the enemy. Thanks to this tactic, serious losses were given to the enemy.



#### -FAKE WITHDRAWAL-

The Turks surprised the enemy by making a sudden withdrawal. Before this withdrawal, the Turks destroyed the enemy's vital sources. The enemy, who wanted to end the war, took this withdrawal as a defeat and gave the order to attack. This strategy caused the enemy army to fall apart and weakened the command and control system. Unlike the Turks who escaped on horseback, enemy soldiers on foot were getting tired. At the same time, Turks could shoot arrows even on a moving horse. This led to a decrease in the number of enemy soldiers.

#### -AMBUSH AND DESTRUCTION-

This tactic favored difficult terrain such as closed valleys with mountains on both sides, forested, swampy and desert areas. Before the attack, some Turks would take an ambush in suitable places. Some of the Turks would retreat in front of the enemy towards the ambush and the enemy would be squeezed. After that, the trapped enemy is soon destroyed was possible



#NOTOEASTTURKISTANOPPRESSION!

# EAST TURKISTAN

29 JANUARY 2025

M.C.Ö

## WHAT IS THIS CRUELTY IN EAST TURKISTAN?



### EAST TURKISTAN: A LAND OF RICH CULTURE AND HISTORY

East Turkestan, also known as the Uyghur Autonomous Region or Xinjiang, is located in the westernmost part of China. It is a region with a long and complex history, full of different cultures, traditions and important events. This region is home to the Uyghur people, a Turkish ethnic group with a rich cultural heritage dating back thousands of years.



IN RECENT YEARS, EAST TURKISTAN, HOME TO THE UYGHUR PEOPLE AND OTHER MUSLIM MINORITIES, HAS FACED SEVERE HUMAN RIGHTS ABUSES. THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN ACCUSED OF COMMITTING ATROCITIES SUCH AS MASS DETENTIONS IN SO-CALLED "RE-EDUCATION" CAMPS, FORCED LABOR, AND THE SUPPRESSION OF RELIGIOUS AND CULTURAL PRACTICES. THOUSANDS, IF NOT MILLIONS, OF UYGHURS HAVE BEEN DETAINED WITHOUT TRIAL, AND THEIR FREEDOM OF SPEECH, RELIGION, AND CULTURAL EXPRESSION HAS BEEN SEVERELY RESTRICTED. THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY CONTINUES TO RAISE CONCERNS ABOUT THESE ACTIONS, WITH MANY CALLING IT A VIOLATION OF BASIC HUMAN RIGHTS.



HOW CAN WE SIT COMFORTABLY WHILE THE PERSECUTION OF OUR BROTHERS IN EAST TURKISTAN CONTINUES? WAKE UP TURKISH NATION!



# YAVUZ SULTAN SELİM

*He was born in 1470 in Amasya. He ruled the Ottoman throne from 1512 to 1520. He earned the title "Yavuz" due to his harshness. Additionally, by conquering Egypt, he became the first Ottoman Caliph. He was the 9th Sultan of the Ottoman Empire.*

*Yavuz Sultan Selim was a brave, strong, intelligent, and clever commander. For this reason, he wanted to eliminate the threat posed by Shah Ismail, who was a danger to the state and religion. Yavuz Sultan Selim gathered the Imperial Council (Divan-ı Hümayun) and decided to go to war.*



*So, why did Yavuz Sultan Selim not stop after this campaign and conquer Egypt? The reason for this should be sought among the Islamic countries before that period. In the past, Islamic countries were not united, and they fought each other, which weakened them. Yavuz Sultan Selim foresaw this and aimed to unite the Islamic world, and he succeeded.*

*"So, what are the battles of Yavuz Sultan Selim?"*





One of the most famous battles was the Battle of Chaldiran in 1514, where Selim I faced the Safavid Empire, led by Shah Ismail. The battle took place in modern-day Iran and was a decisive victory for the Ottomans. This battle was crucial in securing Ottoman control over Eastern Anatolia and preventing the spread of Shia Islam in the region. Selim's victory at Chaldiran marked the Ottomans as the dominant power in the region and solidified their control over the Safavid threat.

Another major conflict during Selim's reign was the conquest of Egypt in 1517. Following a series of military campaigns, Selim captured Egypt, which was under the control of the Mamluks. The conquest of Egypt had significant religious and strategic importance. It not only brought the holy cities of Mecca and Medina under Ottoman control, solidifying Selim's position as the caliph, but it also increased the Ottomans' influence in the Arab world and their control over vital trade routes.

Selim's military campaigns also extended to the battle against the Kingdom of Hungary in the early 1520s. His forces invaded Hungary, although this campaign ended before any decisive battle could be fought. Nevertheless, it showcased Selim's ongoing expansionist efforts in Europe, preparing the way for future Ottoman invasions in the region.



# CLOTHES DURING THE RISE OF THE OTTOMAN EMPIRE



In the Ottoman Empire, people wore beautiful and special clothes.

## Women's Clothing

Sultans' wives and daughters wore rich, colorful dresses. They had long, silk robes with golden embroidery. They also wore jewelry like necklaces and bracelets.

Ordinary women wore simpler clothes. They wore cotton or wool dresses. These were long and loose, and they covered their arms and legs.

## Men's Clothing

The sultans and rich men wore expensive clothes. They had long robes made of silk or velvet. They also wore turbans with jewels.

Ordinary men wore simple clothes. They wore loose shirts and pants. Their clothes were made of cotton or wool.

## War Clothing

In war, soldiers wore strong armor. They had metal helmets and shields. Their clothes were made to protect them. Janissaries, the special soldiers, had unique uniforms with hats and weapons.

The Ottoman clothes were both beautiful and practical.





# Waffle Recipe



## INGREDIENTS

- 1 cup of milk (200 ml)
- Half a tea glass of sugar
- Half a tea of oil (60 ml)
- 1 egg
- Half a puck of baking powder
- 1 pack of vanillia
- 1.5 cups of flour

## FOR COOKING

- Oil

## FOR TOPPING

- Chocolate cream
- Banana
- Strawberry
- Hazelnut
- Blueberry

## RECIPE

1. First, beat the egg and sugar well until foamy.
2. Then add the milk and oil and mix for a short time.
3. After that add the flour, baking powder and vanilla then mix again
4. To cook grease the waffle maker or Sandwich maker and pour the batter.
5. Close the lid and cook. Be careful not to overcook or the waffle will become hard.
6. Spread chocolate on the hot waffle after removing it from the machine.
7. Add sliced strawberries, blueberries and bananas then decorate with honey and nuts. You can add ice cream if you want.

**Your waffle is ready! Enjoy your meals**

Elif Sare DEMİR



## The place of Alhambra

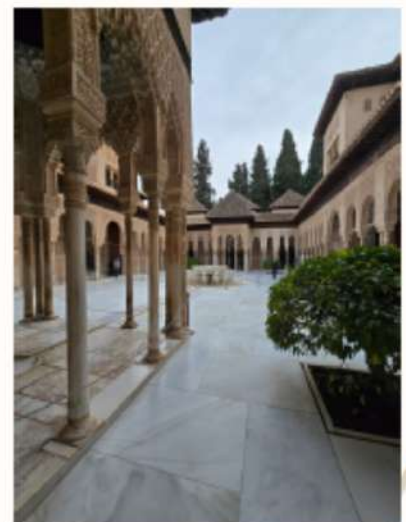
The Alhambra's story is as grand as its stunning perch in Granada! Perched atop a rocky hill that's no picnic to climb, it gazes down at the River Darro, snuggled by mountains and draped in leafy forests. Among the city's oldest neighborhoods, this majestic fortress flaunts its reddish walls like a proud peacock, concealing the enchanting beauty that awaits inside!

Once upon a time, the Alhambra was a military fortress, but by the mid-13th century, it decided to swap its soldier boots for royal slippers! Under the Nasrid Kingdom, it transformed into a lavish residence for Granada's elite. The mastermind behind this grand transformation was King Mohammed ibn Yusuf Ben Nasr, better known as Alhamar, who kicked off the palace construction.

Throughout the 13th, 14th, and 15th centuries, this fortress evolved into a citadel with towering walls and defensive towers, divided into two main sections:

- The military zone (Alcazaba): The stronghold where the royal guard showcased their strength
- The medina: The palatial paradise that housed the magnificent Nasrid Palaces and the vibrant lives of nobles and commoners alike

There is no reference to the Alhambra as a residence of kings until the 13th century, although fortification has existed since the 9th century. The first kings of Granada, the Zirtians, had their castles and palaces in the hills of Albaicin, and nothing remains of them. The monarchs Ziries were in all probability the emirs who built the Alhambra, beginning in 1238.





The founder of the dynasty, Muhammed Al-Ahmar, began with the restoration of the old fort. His work was completed by his son Muhammed II, whose immediate successors continued the repairs. The construction of the palaces (called Casa Real Vieja) dates back to the 14th century and is the work of two great kings: Yusuf I and Muhammed V. The first is awarded, among others, the Fourth Comares, the Door of Justice, The Baths and some towers. His son, Muhammed V, completed the beautification of the palaces with the Hall of Lions, in addition to other rooms and fortifications.

The Alhambra became a Christian court in 1492 when the Catholic Monarchs conquered Granada. Later, several structures were built to house prominent citizens, military barracks, a Church and a Franciscan Monastery



**Muhammed Eymen Özturan**



# Japan

## Japan: A Fusion of Tradition and Innovation

Japan seamlessly blends ancient traditions with modern technology, offering a unique experience for travelers and culture enthusiasts.

## Historical Heritage

Home to numerous UNESCO World Heritage sites, Japan boasts iconic landmarks such as Kyoto's Golden Pavilion (Kinkaku-ji) and Fushimi Inari Shrine, famous for its thousands of red torii gates.



## Culinary Delights

Japanese cuisine is globally celebrated, offering everything from delicate sushi to comforting bowls of ramen. Regional specialties like Hiroshima's okonomiyaki and Osaka's takoyaki reflect the country's diverse flavors.

## Cultural Experiences

Engaging in a tea ceremony, watching a kabuki performance, or staying in a traditional ryokan offers a glimpse into Japan's timeless traditions.

## Technological Marvels

Beyond its rich history, Japan is a leader in robotics, automotive engineering, and consumer electronics. Cities like Tokyo and Osaka dazzle with neon-lit skyscrapers and futuristic designs.

## Conclusion

With its perfect balance of past and future, Japan promises an unforgettable journey for those eager to explore its multifaceted identity.



Mehmet Ömür Çebi





# MALAYSIA

Malaysia is a country located in Southeast Asia, divided into two land parts, east and west, consisting of 13 states and governed by a parliamentary monarchy. There are a total of 878 islands in Malaysia. The capital of the country is Kuala Lumpur.

According to the 2017 census, Malaysia has a population of 32,049,700. 55% of the people are Malay, 25% are Chinese, 10% are Indian, and the remaining 10% are of other ethnic origins. 5,440,000 of them live in East Malaysia and 21,200,000 in West Malaysia. Although the official language is Malay, almost all of the people speak perfect English, and Arabic is also among the valid languages.

The official religion in the country is Islam, and most of the Muslim population is of Malay origin and a small portion is Indian. While Buddhism is the religion adopted by the Chinese people, Hindu religion is the belief of non-Muslim Indians. Christianity is also among the common religions.

## 8 Important Places to Visit in Malaysia

- Petronas Twin Towers.
- Langkawi beaches
- Cameron Highlands.
- Batu Caves
- Gunung Mulu National Park
- George Town.
- Taman Negara.
- Mount Kinabalu



## SWEET RODENTS OF THE ALPS

# MARMOTS



Marmot is a large group of animals belonging to the rodent family. These animals, which usually live in mountainous regions, are widely found in the highlands of Europe, Asia and North America. Marmots are known for their thick, furry bodies, short legs and large heads. These animals have a social structure and usually live in groups.

The most striking feature of marmots is the complex nests they build. Burrow systems may include a large network of tunnels, and these structures serve as protection from predators and shelter in climatic conditions. Marmots generally prefer to be found in open areas and places with meadow vegetation.



The physical appearance of marmots varies depending on the habitats they live in. They can generally grow between 45 and 85 cm. Their weight can vary between 3 and 10 kg. While their thick coat protects them in cold weather, they have shorter and thinner hair in the summer months. This helps them adapt to the climate they live in.

Compared to other rodents, marmots' dentition is quite distinctive. Their incisors allow them to easily gnaw through tough plants. Additionally, thanks to their short and strong legs, they can quickly go underground and escape from predators. The advantage of being a social animal is that they work together to develop defense strategies against dangers.



The habitats of marmots generally include mountainous and open wooded areas. These animals are also frequently seen in alpine meadows, rocky slopes and high mountain areas. High altitudes offer them both rich vegetation and protection from predators. While marmots live in underground burrows, they also come to the surface during the day to search for food.

The feeding habits of marmots are closely related to their habitat. They generally feed on a herbivorous diet, consuming leaves, roots, and flowers of various plants, as well as vegetables. Since they find plenty of food in the summer months, they go through a serious fat storage period before autumn. This is of great importance before hibernation.



**THE LEGEND**

# CARLOS ALCARAZ



**Carlos Alcaraz Garfia is a Spanish professional tennis player. He has been ranked as the world No. 1 in men's singles by the Association of Tennis Professionals (ATP).**



He has really "technique" shots and play. He is 21 years YOUNG and he took on the best tennis players of all time. He has a total of "27 trophies", singles and doubles.

He became "champion" twice by beating "Novak Djokovic" in Wimbledon.



Moreover, they represented Spain side by side with Rafael Nadal, who retired in 2024, at the Olympics.



**Asya Rana  
BABUL**



# JASON STATHAM



Jason Statham was born on July 26, 1967, in England. He is an English actor known for action and martial arts films, and a former competitive diver with notable achievements. His mother, Eileen, is a dancer, and his father, Barry Statham, was a street seller and a lounge singer.

He grew up alongside footballer Vinn Jones, who taught him how to play football. Statham began playing football at a local school from the age of 11. At the same time, he also had a passion for swimming. He was a member of the British National Diving Team for 12 years and placed 12th in the world in the high diving event at the 1990 Commonwealth Swimming Championships in Auckland.



Statham earned some money by selling counterfeit goods for a while. Later, he gained media attention through his modeling career. He met director Guy Ritchie, who was working on a film project and needed an actor. After learning about Statham's background, Ritchie found his new lead. When the film received positive responses from both the public and critics, Statham's second film, *Snatch*, was made.

He worked with Corey Yuen, a renowned Chinese action choreography artist famous for *The Transporter* films, and gained a strong reputation in the world of action films due to the fight and action scenes in that movie. Jason Statham almost never used a stunt double in the action and fight scenes of *Crank*, the *Transporter* series, and the car scenes in *The Italian Job*. In Hollywood, Statham is one of the rare actors who does not use a stunt double. He explained his decision by saying, "I trust myself in car and fight scenes because these are events that have happened to me in real life."



Statham had a seven year relationship with model Kelly Brook. The relationship ended after Brook met Billy Zane on a film set. Since

April 2010, he has been in a relationship with model Rosie Huntington-Whiteley. The couple announced their engagement on January 10, 2016. They have a son and a daughter.

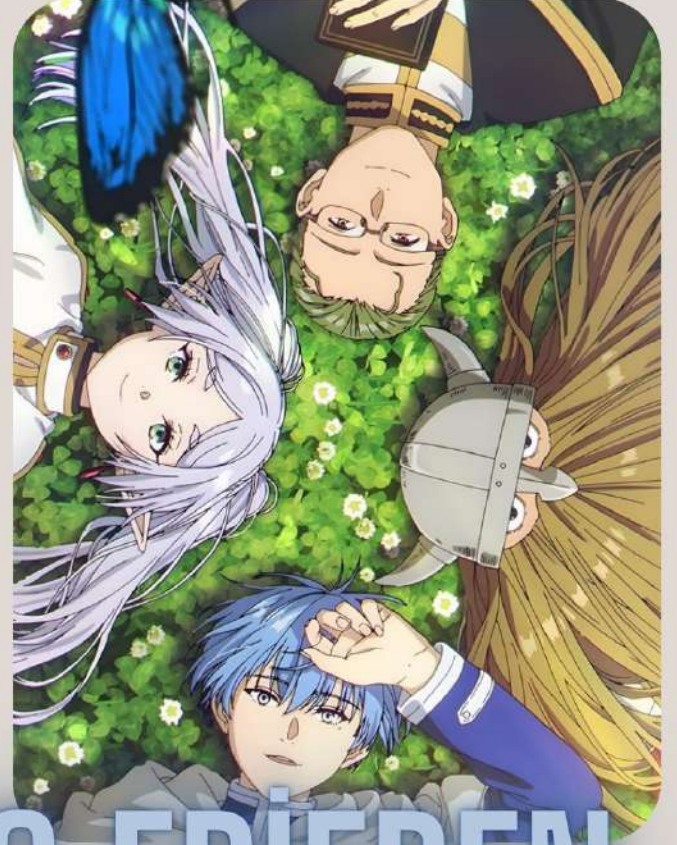




Lock, Stock and Two Smoking Barrels (Bacon)  
Snatch (Turkish)  
Turn It Up (Mr. B)  
Ghosts of Mars (Sgt. Jericho Butler)  
The One (MVA Agent Evan Funsch)  
Mean Machine (Monk)  
The Transporter (Frank Martin)  
The Italian Job (Handsome Rob)  
Collateral (Airport Man)  
Cellular (Ethan Greer)  
Transporter 2 (Frank Martin)  
Revolver (Jake Green)  
Londra (Bateman)  
Chaos (Det. Quentin Connors)  
The Pink Panther (Yves Gluant)  
Crank (Chev Chelios)  
War (FBI Ajanı John Crawford)  
The Bank Job (Terry Leather)  
In the Name of the King: A Dungeon Siege Tale (Farmer Daimon)  
Death Race (Jensen Garner "Frankenstein" Ames)  
Transporter 3 (Frank Martin)  
Crank: High Voltage (Chev Chelios)  
13 (Jasper Bagges)  
The Expendables (Lee Christmas)  
The Mechanic (Arthur Bishop)  
Gnomeo & Juliet (Tybalt)  
Blitz (Detective Sergeant Tom Brant)  
Killer Elite (Danny Bryce)  
2012 Safe (Luke Wright)  
The Expendables 2 (Lee Christmas)  
Parker (Parker)  
Hızlı ve Öfkeli 6 (Deckard Shaw)  
Çılgın Joe (Joey Joes)  
Homefront (Phil Broker)  
The Expendables 3 (Lee Christmas)  
Wild Card (Nick Wild)  
Hızlı ve Öfkeli 7 (Deckard Shaw)  
Ajan (Rick Ford)  
2016 Suikast (Artur Bishop)  
2017 Hızlı ve Öfkeli 8 (Deckard Shaw)  
2018 Meg (Jonas Taylor)



A legendary group of heroes manage to defeat the Demon King after a 10-year journey. After the victory of the Group Members, they go their separate ways. However, one of these heroes, the elf wizard Frieren, has a long life span and has witnessed his human friends age and die over time.



# SOUSOU NO FRIEREN



Perceiving the flow of time differently, Frieren realizes the value of what he has lost late and begins to question the emotions he could not understand in the past. He sets out on a new journey to make up for his past mistakes and to understand people better. This journey allows him to gain new knowledge about magic and discover the value of friendship and human life.



# PRISON BREAK



Michael Scofield, whose real name is Wentworth Millet, is an English-born American actor. This 52-year-old actor is also autistic.

Prison Break is an American action movie. This 5 season series, which started broad casting in 2005, begins with the brother of our main character, Michael Scofield, being sentenced to death for a crime he didn't commit.



Some of the characters in the series are: Michael Scofield, Lincoln Burrows, Sara Tancredi, Paul Kellerman, Theodore "t-Bag", Fernando Sucre.



You should definitely watch this series, which has a total of 90 episodes.



Ecrin ÇAKIN



# THE MATRIX: A DIGITAL REALITY UNVEILED!

● What is The Matrix? The Matrix is a science fiction universe that explores the idea that reality as we know it may be an artificial simulation created by intelligent machines. First introduced in the 1999 film *The Matrix*, the concept has sparked philosophical debates about free will, perception, and the nature of existence.



● The Story Behind The Matrix The film follows Neo, a hacker who discovers that the world he lives in is a simulated reality designed to keep humanity unaware of their true existence. Guided by Morpheus and Trinity, Neo embarks on a journey to break free from the illusion and fight against the machines controlling humanity.



● Philosophical Themes and Influences The Matrix is heavily influenced by philosophy, especially the works of René Descartes and Plato. The idea of questioning reality mirrors Plato's Allegory of the Cave, where people live in a false perception of the world. Descartes' famous statement, "I think, therefore I am," also reflects Neo's journey of self-discovery.



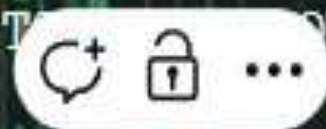


REALITY IS AN ILLUSION—UNTIL YOU DARE TO SEE THE TRUTH. THE WORLD YOU KNOW IS JUST A CONSTRUCT, A CAGE BUILT TO KEEP YOU BLIND. BUT NOW, THE CHOICE IS IN YOUR HANDS. WILL YOU STAY IN THE COMFORT OF ILLUSION, OR WILL YOU BREAK FREE AND EMBRACE THE UNKNOWN?

NOW IT'S YOUR TURN TO CHOOSE.



It's All Done, YOU CAN GO TO



MADE BY YUSUF ENES



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# The

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# DARK: THE TIME LOOP

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**Dark** is a German science fiction and mystery series released on Netflix in 2017. The series takes place in **Winden**, a small German town. The story begins with the disappearance of a child. However, this is not just an ordinary case of disappearance. The town's dark secrets begin to emerge.

The main subject of the series is **time travel**. A mysterious cave in Winden can take people to different times. The story takes place in the years **1888, 1921, 1953, 1986** and **2019**. Characters try to change events by going to the past and future. However, everything is in a **time loop**. The events they want to change are actually part of a larger plan.

One of the most interesting features of the series is that characters from different times are connected to each other. Sometimes a character's youth and old age are shown simultaneously. That's why it is necessary to watch carefully.

### **Why Should You Watch Dark?**

Dark is not only a science fiction series, but also a **philosophical and psychological** story. The series deals with topics such as fate, free will and the nature of time. Also, the **cinematography and music** are very impressive. It keeps the audience glued to the screen with its dark atmosphere and mysterious story. If you like science fiction, mystery and time travel, "Dark" will be a great choice for you!



## *Characters*

There are many characters in the series.

Some of the most important characters:

**Jonas Kahnwald:** He is the main character of the series. After losing his father, he begins to discover Winden's secrets.

**Mikkel Nielsen:** He is a child who disappeared in 2019. However, it actually went back to 1986.

**Noah:** He is a mysterious man. He is interested in time travel and has a big plan.

**Claudia Tiedemann:** She is a strong woman who understands time travel.



Zeynep Ahsen Kamber



# SHADOWHUNTERS

**Shadowhunters, based on Cassandra Clare's popular book series The Mortal Instruments, is a fantasy television series. It aired between 2016 and 2019. The series follows an adventure set in a world filled with supernatural creatures.**

**The director of the Shadowhunters series is Michael Karasick.**



**Clary Fray is an ordinary teenager living her life unaware that her 18th birthday will change everything. However, one night, her life is turned upside down when she witnesses a mysterious murder at a nightclub. This event leads Clary to discover that she is actually a Shadowhunter and draws her into the hidden war between humans and supernatural beings. Shadowhunters are half-human, half-angel warriors who protect humanity from demons and dark forces. Clary's mother, Jocelyn, erased her memories and tried to keep her away from this world to protect her. But when Jocelyn is kidnapped, Clary is forced to uncover the secrets of her past. On this journey, Clary meets the charismatic Shadowhunter Jace Wayland and the Lightwood siblings, Isabelle and Alec. Her best friend, Simon, also gets involved in the events and unexpectedly becomes part of the supernatural world.**



**While trying to save her mother, Clary must also fight to stop her father, Valentine Morgenstern, from carrying out his dark plans. Valentine seeks to obtain powerful artifacts known as the Mortal Instruments to reshape the world according to his desires. Throughout this process, Clary discovers who she truly is, unveils the secrets of her family, and finds herself in a battle filled with love, betrayal, and sacrifice.**

**In a world where supernatural beings, warlocks, vampires, werewolves, and fairies coexist, Clary must fight to shape both her destiny and the future of her loved ones. Shadowhunters offers viewers a fantastic story intertwined with themes of love, friendship, and the search for identity.**



# TEEN WOLF

The genre of the Teen Wolf series is drama and science fiction. The movie begins with two students (Stiles and Scott) looking for a body in the woods one night, and Scott being bitten by a werewolf.



It tells the story of Scott becoming a werewolf, finding a pack, and saving the place he lives in every season as a pack.

It started shooting in 2011 and its 6th season was shot and finished in 2017.

Then they made the movie in 2022, the second movie is expected to be released in 2025.



Gözde Sena Gökgöz



# OPTIMUS PRIME: THE HERO OF CYBERTRON

Leader of the Autobots

Optimus Prime is one of the most iconic characters in the Transformers universe. As a noble leader of the planet Cybertron, he defends the Autobots against the Decepticon threat. Known across the galaxy for his strength, courage, and unwavering belief in justice, he stands as a true hero.

## Powers and Abilities

**Transformation Ability:** Can transform into a classic red-and-blue semi-truck.

**Powerful Weapons:** Wields an Energon axe, an Ion Blaster rifle, and a shield, making him a formidable warrior.

**Leadership Skills:** Not only powerful in battle but also a brilliant strategist and an inspiring leader.

## Iconic Quote

> "Freedom is the right of all sentient beings!"

Optimus Prime has appeared across various media, from cartoons and films to comic books and video games. His story is built on sacrifice and leadership.

## Where Can You See Optimus Prime?

Transformers Movies (Michael Bay series & Rise of the Beasts)  
Animated Series (G1, Prime, Animated, War for Cybertron)  
Comics & Video Games

If you want to see what it truly means to be a leader, listen to Optimus Prime!



Yigit Eren Yilmaz 9-D





High school students Momo Ayase and Okarun try to prove whether supernatural beings exist and find themselves caught in incredible events. Momo believes in ghosts, while Okarun believes in aliens. However, a bet leads them to discover that both ghosts and aliens are real, setting off a supernatural adventure.

Okarun is cursed by Turbo Granny, gaining super speed but also suffering some negative side effects. Meanwhile, Momo is abducted by the Serpo Aliens, awakening her supernatural powers and being forced to fight them. Later, Okarun gains a new ability from Turbo Granny's curse called Evil Eye, but controlling this power is no easy task.



The duo fights Jinmenken and meets Aira a cursed student who later joins them against the Dark Demons. Meanwhile and the Serpo Aliens return for revenge.





SQUID GAME-2

SQUID GAME-2

# SQUID GAME-2

SQUID GAME SERIES, WHICH ATTRACTED GREAT ATTENTION IN THE FIRST SEASON, IS ON THE SCREENS WITH ITS SECOND SEASON. SQUID GAME SERIES, WHICH ATTRACTED GREAT ATTENTION IN THE FIRST SEASON, IS ON THE SCREENS WITH ITS SECOND SEASON.

GI HUN RETURNS TO STOP THE GAME THIS TIME. FRONTMAN ALSO JOINS THE GAME TO PLAY WITH HIM.

## INFORMATION ABOUT NEW CONTESTANTS:

NUMBER 007: GAMBLING ADDICT. HE JOINED THE GAME TO PAY OFF HIS GAMBLING DEBTS.

NUMBER 149: NUMBER 007'S MOTHER. HE JOINED THE GAME TO PAY OFF HIS SON'S DEBTS.

NUMBER 120 : SHE ENTERED THE GAME TO COMPLETE HER SURGERIES.

NUMBER 388: FORMER MARINE. HE JOINED THE GAME FOR MONEY.

SQUID GAME-2 SQUID GAME-2 SQUID GAME-2 SQUID GAME-2

NUMBER 222: PREGNANT. HE JOINED THE GAME TO TAKE CARE OF HIS CHILD.

NUMBER 333: INVESTMENT ADVISOR. HE ENTERED THE GAME TO EARN MONEY.

007

149

222

333

Aybüke ÇAVUŞ



# Sagopa Kajmer



Real Name: Yunus Özyavuz

Stage Name: Sagopa Kajmer

Date of Birth: August 17, 1978

Place of Birth: Samsun, Turkey

Occupation: Rapper, Music Producer

Genres: Turkish Rap, Hip-Hop

## Early Life and Career Beginning

Sagopa Kajmer, born Yunus Özyavuz in Samsun, Turkey, is one of the most influential figures in Turkish rap music. He developed an interest in music at a young age and pursued his passion by studying Persian Language and Literature at Istanbul University. His love for hip-hop led him to DJing, and he started his career as a DJ at a local radio station, later becoming known for his unique style and deep lyrics.



## Rise to Fame

In the late 1990s, Sagopa Kajmer founded his own music studio, Melankolia Müzik, and became a key figure in shaping Turkish rap. His breakthrough came in the early 2000s with albums such as *Bir Pesimistin Gözyaşları* (2004) and *Romantizma* (2005), which showcased his poetic lyrics and melancholic style.





## Musical Style and Influence

Sagopa Kajmer is known for his deep, philosophical lyrics, often touching on themes of life, pessimism, struggle, and self-reflection. His music blends traditional hip-hop elements with Turkish cultural influences, setting him apart from many other artists in the genre.



## Later Career and Legacy

Throughout his career, Sagopa Kajmer has released numerous successful albums and singles, maintaining a loyal fan base. Despite changes in the Turkish rap industry, he has remained a prominent and respected figure, influencing many new-generation rappers.



Sagopa Kajmer continues to produce music, evolving his style while staying true to his lyrical depth and unique sound. His impact on Turkish hip-hop is undeniable, making him one of the most significant names in the genre.

## Discography

**On Kuruş(2001)**



**Bir Pesimistin  
Göz Yaşları(2004)**



**Romantizma(2005)**



**Kötü İnsanları  
Tanıma Senesi(2008)**



**Saydolik Ep(2011)**



**Kalp Hastası(2013)**



**Ahmak Islatan(2017)**







Hüseyin Yalın was born on March 30, 1980 in Nişantaşı, Istanbul. He attended primary school at Ataköy Primary School. His mother's name is Figen and his father's name is Kamil.

*Yalın's first album **ellerine sağlık** was released in march 2004 by universal music.the album was produced by selim öztürk the guitarist of the band cargo .All the songs lyrics and music were written by yalın.The first song **Zalim** became very popular ,and the album sold 200.000 copies in its first week*

# Yalın

**pop singer,composer and song  
writer**



After zalim , yalın made music videos for the videos for the songs Sonsuz ol and Günaydın . these three songs reached the first place on MTV World Chart Express .Yalın also entered music charts in countries like Bulgaria and Greece. He was awarded Best Male Artist at the Kral TV Video Music Awards . The song Zalim was also translated into Greek , Russian,Serbian,Arabic and other languages

Some of Yalın's song :

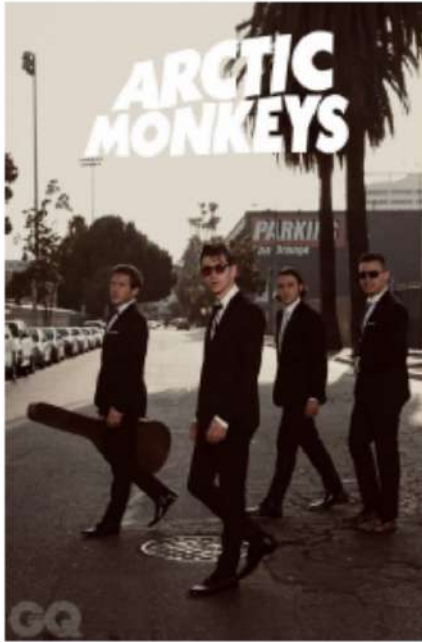
Halbuki , Ki Sen , Küçüküğüm , Tatlıyla Balla , Yaz Gülü , Baş Harfi Ben , Keşke



Z.Irem Akyüz



# ARCTIC MONKEYS



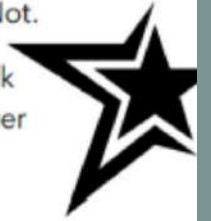
**Founded::** 2002, Sheffield, İngiltere

**Members:** Alex Turner (Vokal & Gitar), Jamie Cook (Gitar), Nick O'Malley (Bas), Matt Helders (Davul)

Arctic Monkeys broke out in a big way in the mid-2000s, when the young musicians became known worldwide thanks to social media. They revolutionized the indie rock world with their 2006 debut album *Whatever People Say I Am, That's What I'm Not*.

Their music combines indie rock, garage rock and post-punk styles with lyrics often written by Turner that showcase clever wordplay. Over time, their sound has evolved, incorporating elements of psychedelic rock, lounge and hip-hop.

Albums like *Favourite Worst Nightmare* (2007), *AM* (2013) and *Tranquility Base Hotel & Casino* (2018) have cemented their success. They are considered one of the most influential modern rock bands, especially in the UK.



Here's the list of Arctic Monkeys' most beloved songs in English:

- 1 **Do I Wanna Know?** (2013)  
From the *AM* album, one of the band's most iconic tracks.
- 2 **I Bet You Look Good on the Dancefloor** (2006)  
From *Whatever People Say I Am, That's What I'm Not*, the breakout song that put them on the map.
- 3 **R U Mine?** (2012)  
From *AM*, known for its punchy rhythm and electrifying guitar.
- 4 **When the Sun Goes Down** (2006)  
From *Whatever People Say I Am, That's What I'm Not*, a fan favorite from their early days.
- 5 **505** (2007)  
From *Favourite Worst Nightmare*, a melancholic and atmospheric track.



**WHY'D YOU  
ONLY CALL  
ME WHEN  
YOU'RE  
HIGH?**

**DO I  
WANNA  
KNOW**



# THE VOICE OF TURKISH RAP: CEZA



Ceza, whose real name is Bilgin Özçalkan, is one of the most influential figures in Turkish rap. Born in 1976 in Istanbul, he started his career in the late 1990s when hip-hop was still an underground movement in Turkey. With his unique flow, rapid-fire delivery, and socially conscious lyrics, Ceza played a key role in bringing Turkish rap into the mainstream.

His breakthrough came with the release of *Anahtar* (2001), followed by *Rapstar* (2004), which established him as the leading rapper in Turkey. Unlike many mainstream artists, Ceza used his music to address political issues, social struggles, and everyday hardships, making his lyrics relatable to a wide audience.

## ICONIC SONGS THAT SHAPED TURKISH RAP

Ceza's discography is filled with powerful and unforgettable songs that have defined Turkish hip-hop. Here are some of his most iconic tracks:

*Holocaust* (2004): One of his fastest and most technically impressive tracks, showcasing his lyrical skill.

*Araturka* (2006): A song that blends traditional Turkish elements with modern rap, highlighting Ceza's unique style.

*Hasat Zamanı* (2006): A deep and thought-provoking track about social injustices.

*Suspuz* (2015): A bold and rebellious song reflecting on the state of the music industry and society.

*Panorama Harem* (2018): A collaboration that further demonstrated his ability to mix different musical styles.

## COLLABORATIONS & INTERNATIONAL SUCCESS

Ceza's influence extends beyond Turkey. His collaboration with American rapper Tech N9ne on *Worldwide Choppers* (2011) brought him global recognition, proving that his fast rap skills were on par with the world's best. He has also worked with artists like Sagopa Kajmer, Ayben (his sister), Killa Hakan, and Mercan Dede, blending hip-hop with different genres.

## LEGACY AND IMPACT

Ceza is more than just a rapper—he is a cultural icon who paved the way for a new generation of Turkish hip-hop artists. His music has inspired countless young rappers, proving that rap can be both an art form and a tool for change.

Despite decades in the industry, Ceza remains relevant, consistently releasing new music and pushing the boundaries of Turkish rap. His ability to adapt while staying true to his roots has made him a legend in his own right.

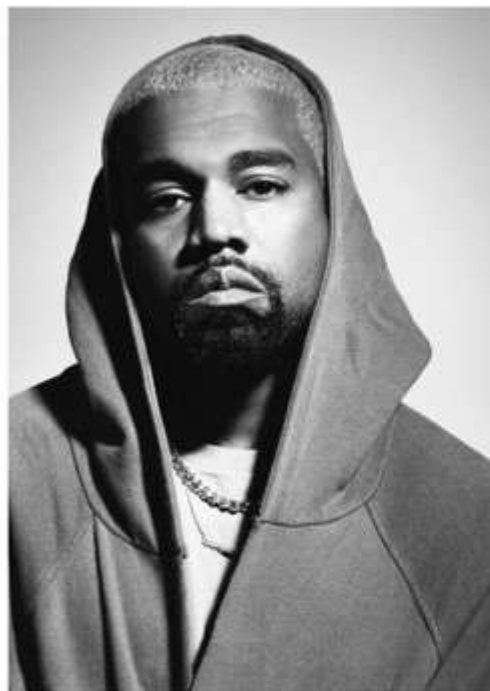


# KANYE WEST

HE IS AN AMERICAN RAPPER, PRODUCER, FASHION DESIGNER AND ENTREPRENEUR BORN ON JUNE 8, 1977. HE HAS HAD A GREAT IMPACT ON THE HIP-HOP WORLD SINCE THE EARLY 2000S BY SIGNING REVOLUTIONARY PROJECTS. HE IS FREQUENTLY ON THE AGENDA WITH BOTH HIS MUSIC AND HIS EXTRAORDINARY PERSONALITY.



HE BEGAN HIS MUSIC CAREER AS A PRODUCER, MAKING HIS BIG BREAKTHROUGH WITH JAY-Z'S 2001 ALBUM "THE BLUEPRINT." HE THEN FOCUSED ON HIS SOLO CAREER, MAKING HIS NAME IN HISTORY WITH ALBUMS THAT PUSHED THE BOUNDARIES OF HIP-HOP.



## SOME POPULAR SONGS OF KANYE WEST

- STRONGER
- GOLD DIGGER
- POWER
- RUNAWAY
- HEARTLESS
- FLASHIN LIGHTS
- GHOST DOWN
- BOUND 2
- ALL OF THE LIGHT
- NIAS IN PARIS
- THE LIFE OF PABLO
- YE

IREM KARA



**Ahmet Fazil KURT**



# **HEARTS OF IRON<sup>R</sup> IV**

**Hearts of Iron IV (HoI4), developed by Paradox Interactive, is a grand strategy game that puts players in control of any nation during World War II, offering an unparalleled level of depth and complexity. Unlike traditional war games that focus solely on battles, HoI4 challenges players to manage diplomacy, economy, research, production, and military strategy. Every decision, from forming alliances to deciding what tanks to build, can change the course of history. Whether leading a global superpower like Germany, the Soviet Union, or the United States, or taking control of a smaller nation like Turkey or Brazil, players must navigate the challenges of war and politics to secure victory.**

**HoI4 offers an incredibly detailed and immersive gameplay experience where players must carefully balance multiple aspects of nation-building. The game is played on a massive world map divided into different provinces, where battles and strategic movements take place in real-time. Unlike turn-based strategy games, HoI4 runs on a continuous timeline, allowing players to pause and issue commands at any time. This system makes the game both dynamic and deeply strategic, as players must constantly adapt to new situations.**

**One of the most important aspects of the game is military management. Players have full control over their nation's armed forces, organizing divisions, assigning commanders, and planning large-scale operations. The ability to design custom divisions with different units, equipment, and support companies adds an extra layer of strategy. Infantry, tanks, artillery, and air support all play crucial roles in battles, and understanding their strengths and weaknesses is key to success. Properly managing logistics, supplies, and reinforcements is just as important as having a strong army—without fuel, ammunition, and food, even the most powerful forces will fail.**





Ahmet Fazil KURT

# HEARTS OF IRON<sup>®</sup> IV

Another core element of HoI4 is its economy and production system. Players must build and manage factories to produce military equipment, vehicles, aircraft, and ships. There are two main types of factories: civilian factories, which construct infrastructure and industrial buildings, and military factories, which produce weapons and vehicles for the army. A well-balanced economy is essential, as running out of resources like steel, oil, or aluminum can cripple a nation's war effort.

Trade plays a crucial role in maintaining production. Countries that lack natural resources must import them from other nations, but this can create dependencies and vulnerabilities. For example, Germany, despite its strong industry, lacks oil and must import it from countries like Romania or the Soviet Union. If those trade routes are cut off by war or naval blockades, Germany's war machine will struggle to function.

Naval and air power also influence the economy, as controlling trade routes and sea lanes ensures the steady flow of resources. A nation with a weak navy may find its supplies cut off by enemy submarines or blockades, limiting its ability to sustain a long war. Players must decide whether to invest in a powerful navy to dominate the seas or focus on land and air forces to secure victories on the battlefield.

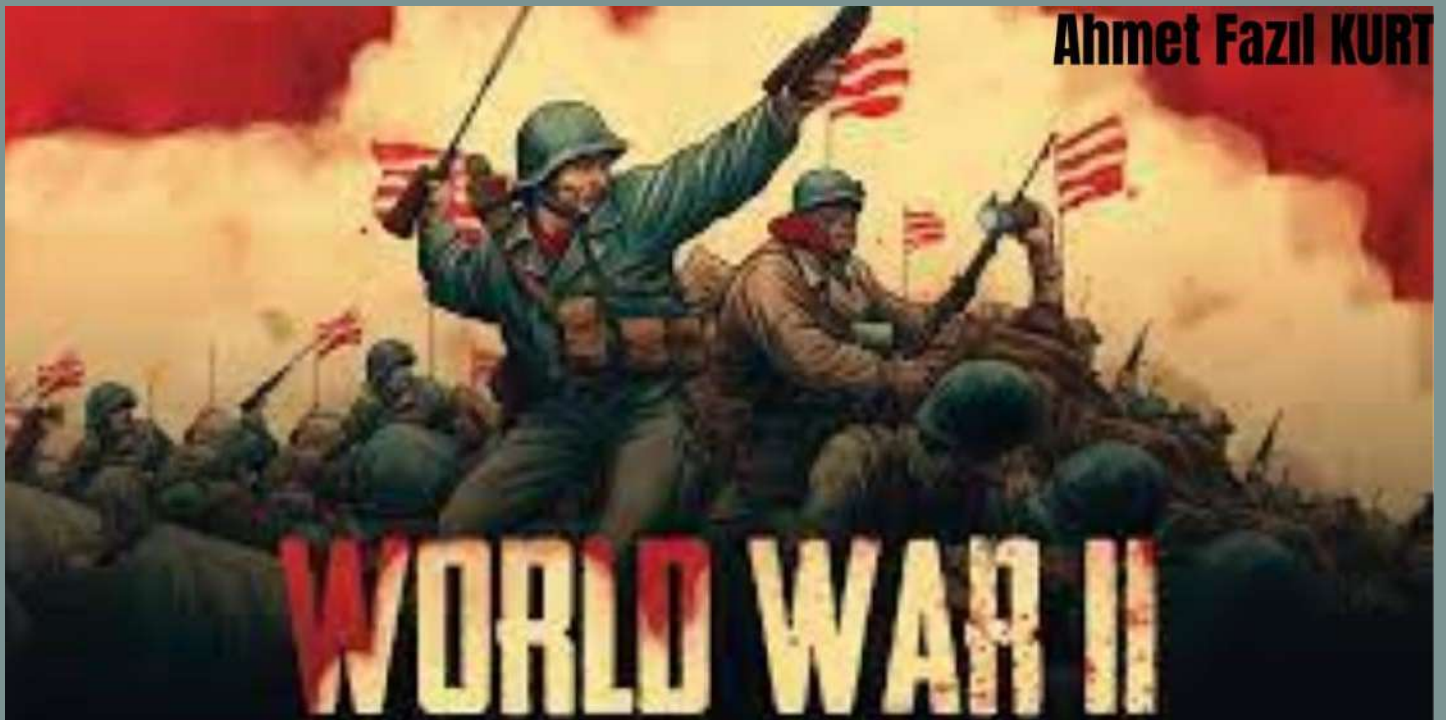
## Diplomacy and Political Decisions

In addition to military and economic strategies, HoI4 features a complex diplomatic and political system. Players can form alliances, improve relations with other nations, or attempt to influence their governments. The game's three major ideologies—democracy, fascism, and communism—affect a country's diplomatic choices and internal stability. Nations can undergo political revolutions, leading to drastic shifts in government and alliances.

For example, the United Kingdom can turn communist and ally with the Soviet Union, or the United States can choose to remain isolationist instead of joining the war. Germany can try to diplomatically unite Europe instead of conquering it by force, or Japan can focus on expanding its influence in Asia without provoking the United States. These possibilities make every playthrough unique, as no two games play out the same way.

Spies and intelligence agencies also play a role in diplomacy. Players can establish intelligence networks, sabotage enemy industries, or support resistance movements in occupied territories. Using espionage effectively can weaken opponents and turn the tide of war without direct military confrontation.





# WORLD WAR II

**One of the most exciting features of Hearts of Iron IV is the ability to create alternative history scenarios. While players can follow real historical events, they can also choose to take a completely different path. Germany can avoid war with the Allies and focus on economic expansion, the Soviet Union can ally with the Axis, or China can unite and become a global superpower.**

**Each country has a national focus tree, which provides unique decisions and events that shape its development. For example, Turkey has the option to restore the Ottoman Empire, form a new alliance, or remain neutral during the war. These choices make every game feel different, encouraging players to try new strategies and nations each time they play.**

**Additionally, the game has a strong modding community, with thousands of user-created mods that introduce new scenarios, mechanics, and even total conversion mods that take the game beyond World War II. Popular mods include Kaiserreich (a world where Germany won World War I) and The New Order (a dystopian world where the Axis won World War II).**

## **Conclusion: A Must-Play for Strategy Enthusiasts**

**With its deep mechanics, challenging gameplay, and infinite replayability, Hearts of Iron IV stands as one of the best grand strategy games ever made. Whether you prefer leading historical campaigns, creating alternative timelines, or experimenting with different strategies, the game offers endless possibilities. The combination of military tactics, economic management, and political intrigue makes it a rewarding experience for those who enjoy strategy games.**

**If you are a fan of historical strategy games and love the idea of reshaping World War II, Hearts of Iron IV is a game you must try. Whether you conquer the world, defend your homeland, or create a peaceful diplomatic empire, the choice is yours.**



The image shows the title screen for the game Hearts of Iron 4. The title "HEARTS OF IRON 4" is prominently displayed in a bold, metallic font. The background features a stylized map of Europe with various military icons such as tanks, ships, and aircraft. A large red cross is visible on the right side of the title.

# HEARTS OF IRON 4

**HoI4 includes a detailed research system that allows players to develop new military technologies, industrial advancements, and doctrines. Researching better tanks, aircraft, ships, and infantry equipment is crucial for maintaining an advantage over enemies. The game features different technological branches, including:**

- Infantry and Artillery – Improving rifles, machine guns, and artillery to strengthen land forces.**

- Tanks and Armor – Developing powerful tank divisions to dominate the battlefield.**
- Air Force – Advancing fighter planes, bombers, and air doctrines for aerial superiority.**
- Navy and Ships – Enhancing battleships, aircraft carriers, and submarines to control the seas.**

- Industry and Engineering – Increasing factory efficiency and resource extraction.**

**Different nations have unique advantages in technology. Germany has advanced tank designs, the United States has strong naval research, and the Soviet Union excels in mass-producing equipment. Players must decide whether to focus on high-quality but expensive equipment or mass-produce cheaper units to overwhelm enemies.**

**Alternative History and Replayability**

**Hearts of Iron 4 is such a beautiful strategy game. I recommend it to everyone**

**Ahmet Fazil KURT**



# THE WITCHER 3 WILD HUNT

## (MADE BY ÖMER FATİH ÇIKRIK)

when the game takes place :The time period of the game is the fantastic medieval universe of 1200. There are 3 kingdoms on the map called Nilfgard, Redenya and Skellige. The largest kingdom is Nilfgard, then comes Redenya, and the island country Skellige as the smallest kingdom. There are many fantastic monsters in the game. Hybrids who hunt these monsters and have special powers are called witchers.

Witchers go through difficult exams to become witchers. The most famous of these is the herb exam, only 10/3 of those who entered survived. Witchers are trained in castles. Each castle is a school and they are taught to fight monsters. The name of the witcher castle on the map is Kaer Morhen and it is the wolf school.

The main character of the game is a Witcher and his name is Geralt of Rivia, Geralt is a graduate of the Wolf School and his teacher is Vesemir. A mutation he went through turned his hair white, so they call him the white wolf. Geralt accepts Ciri, the emperor's daughter, as his adopted daughter and values and protects her. Ciri sees Geralt as his father and values him.

Ciri is seen as the other main character of the game. Ciri has special powers. These special powers have turned her into someone sought after by everyone. The biggest example of this is the wild hunt. Wild hunt Ciri wants her because he can open permanent portals to different universes. Since Nilfgard is the daughter of the emperor, Redenya wants her as an heir so that he can use Ciri against Nilfgard, or the wizards want her to use her extraordinary power, but Geralt, unlike everyone else, wants Ciri with good intentions because she is his adopted daughter and he wants her to make her own choices.

The story of the game: Ciri, wanted by the wild hunt, makes everyone lose track of her. Thereupon, Ciri's father, Emperor Emreis, asks Geralt to find Ciri. After a long search, Geralt finds Ciri on the island of mists and takes her to Kaer Morhen, a witcher castle, and gathers all his relatives there. The wild hunt attacks Kaer Morhen for Ciri and fails, but Geralt's master Vesemir dies in the battle. After this, Geralt wants to fight the wild hunt to finish the job and summons it with a spell. Geralt, who wins the war, kills the wild hunting king Eradini and the game ends here with three different endings. The first and last Ciri returns from the universe where he passed and works with Geralt to become a Witcher. The second last Ciri returns from the universe in which she passed and becomes her father's heir, resulting in her becoming an empress. In the third and worst ending, Ciri dies in the universe she goes to and Geralt is killed by monsters while searching for Ciri. The game shows different endings depending entirely on the choices.


**Important characters:** Ciri: Geralt's adopted daughter and the second main character. Yennefer: Geralt's sorceress friend. Vesemir: Geralt's teacher. Triss Merigold: Geralt's wizard friend. Dandelion: Geralt's bard friend. Eradini: Geralt's enemy and king of the wild hunt.

**About the game:** The game was released in 2015. The game was made by CD Project, there were two other games before it, so this game is a sequel and is considered the best game ever by most players and press organizations.

**Awards for the game:** 2015 game of the year, 2014 most anticipated game, 2015, 2016 best role-playing game, most game of the year. The Witcher 3 is considered the best game by most press and organizations and has written its name in golden letters as the game of the year 251 times in total and has become one of the best-selling games by reaching 50 million sales.

# THE WITCHER





**Other works of The Witcher:** Before The Witcher 3, there were two more games: The Witcher 1 and The Witcher 2 Assassins of Kings. The Witcher 1 was released in 2008 and was the first game of CD Project. Although the game was not a widely played game when it was released, it became a popular game when Witcher 3 was released. The Witcher 2, unlike The Witcher 1, found many players and sold in large numbers. Witcher 2, which has a deep story, was decorated with good graphics for the conditions of that time, and was played by more players when Witcher 3 was released.

**Witcher books:** books are the first work in which the witcher is fictionalized. The books were written by Polish writer Andrzej Sapkowski. The Witcher games are written according to the books.

**The Witcher series:** Unlike the Witcher games, the series was not written according to the books and was a great failure. The metacritic score of the series is only 53. The Witcher series is seen as a black mark on the Witcher and there are many points in the series that do not match the books. The series is produced and broadcast by Netflix.

**General opinion about the game:** The Witcher 3 has reached a very large audience. While some people say that Witcher 3 is a great game and claim that it is the best game ever, some people cannot immerse themselves in the world of the game. While some people criticized it very positively, others criticized it very harshly. The Witcher 3 did not receive bad reviews from media outlets, and most reviews were good. When asked about the best game by the media and players, the majority said Witcher 3 and that's why Witcher 3 is the best game ever.

# THE WITCHER WILD HUNT



# ASSASSIN'S CREED ODYSSEY

## The Story Of The Game

Assassin's Creed Odyssey is an open world map and also a story video game. At the beginning of the game, a character selection is made and the player chooses one of the main characters named Kassandra and Alexios and the game starts. At the beginning of the game, our character is thrown off a cliff by his father for some reason and left to die, but our character does not die.

An old man finds us and raises us on the island of Kephallonia, after we grow up, we leave the island and set off to find our Mother. The progress of the game depends on the tasks and as we do the tasks, our level increases and as the levels increase, we gain different abilities.



Abdüssamed  
Köroğlu



# Features Of The Game

The game features Greek mythology and there are four mythological monsters in the game (Minatour, Spynx, Medusa, Cyclops). One of the big goals in the game is to unearth the Lost City of Atlantis. For this, we need to collect the energy spheres in all four mythological monsters and put them at the entrance gate of Atlantis. After putting them, we can go to Atlantis and finish it like a brand new game.

# Final Words For The Game

In short, the game has a big map and is very fun. As for the most important feature of the game, all these things I have described are actually a simulation, a doctor and his friend are teleported to the ancient Greek period from the DNA of an old object, and in the game we occasionally switch to the modern age and importantly, we find Atlantis in the real world. That's all I have to say, thanks to Ubisoft



Abdüssamed  
Köroğlu



# An Interesting Game

Bo-Taoshi (棒倒し) is a game played especially in military academies in Japan. Its name means pole toppling.

## Bo-Taoshi

### How To Play?

Two teams compete in the game and each team consists of 150 people. 75 people are defenders and 75 people are attackers. The defenders begin in a defensive orientation respective to their pole.

Offense players wear shirts in their team's color, defense players wear white shirts.

Defensive players stand around their own pole to prevent the opposing team from reaching it. A defensive player called the 'ninja' climbs to the top of the pole to prevent it from falling. Offensive players try to knock down the opposing team's pole, forming pyramids by climbing onto each other's shoulders. When the defending team has their pole brought lower than  $30^\circ$  to the horizontal they lose.

Punching, kicking, and leading with the head are considered fouls. A team that commits three fouls loses the game.



There's no exact date for the first ever game of Bo-Taoshi, but it's thought to have started sometime in 1945 with Japanese military cadets. That's plausible enough for us, as the initial chanting and cries of the attacking charge sound a lot like the Japanese soldiers of World War Two. Plus, we imagine the game would be an excellent way to teach soldiers to work together in large groups.



Muhammed emir sari

# MEGATRONUS PRIME

THE REAL **VILLIAN**

## Who is Megatron?

Megatron, formerly known as D-16, is a transformer living on Cybertron. In his former life, he was a slave and was greatly oppressed

## His history with Optimus Prime

Optimus and Megatron were once friends, but Optimus opposed Megatron's idea of rebellion and they became enemies. The people were divided into two by the Decepticons, who supported Megatron, and the Autobots, who supported Optimus.

## why did megatron become villian?

Megatron rebelled with the people to stop these atrocities. This war lasted so long that all the resources of the planet were exhausted. After all that happened Megatron was shown as the culprit and turned into a villain.





# SOLO LEVELING

The world changed ten years ago when mysterious portals (dungeons) appeared. These portals connected the human world to dangerous places full of monsters. To protect people, some humans gained special powers and became hunters. Hunters fight monsters and explore dungeons. They are ranked from E-rank (the weakest) to S-rank (the strongest).



**The main character of the story, Sung Jin-Woo, is the weakest hunter. He is an E-rank hunter, which is the lowest rank. His strength is very low, and he is not able to fight dangerous monsters. He enters dungeons to earn money, but he often gets hurt because he is so weak. He is always looked down on by other hunters, and they do not respect him. However, he continues to work as a hunter because he has no other choice.**





One day, Jin-Woo and his team enter a double dungeon, a place much more dangerous than normal. They are trapped in this dungeon, and many of the hunters are killed by the monsters. Jin-Woo is badly injured and is about to die. Just when he thinks he will die, something happens. A mysterious System appears in front of him and gives him a second chance to live. The System tells him that he can now level up. This is something that no other hunter can do.

**As Jin-Woo becomes stronger, he also begins to discover the secrets behind the dungeons, the System, and the real enemy. He learns that the dungeons are part of a much bigger plan, and there are hidden forces controlling everything. Jin-Woo now has to face a difficult decision: Will he fight alone, or will he protect other people from the dangers of the world? As he fights stronger enemies, he discovers that the real fight is much bigger than just fighting monsters.**

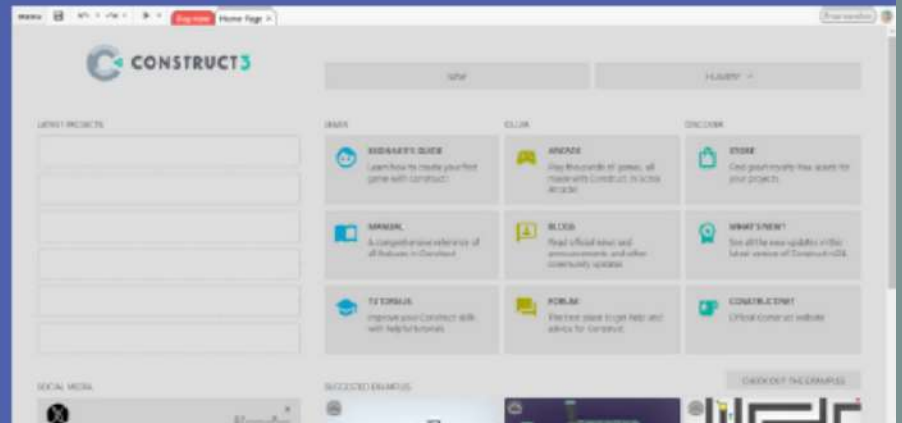
**KEREM YASİR KARTAL 9-B**



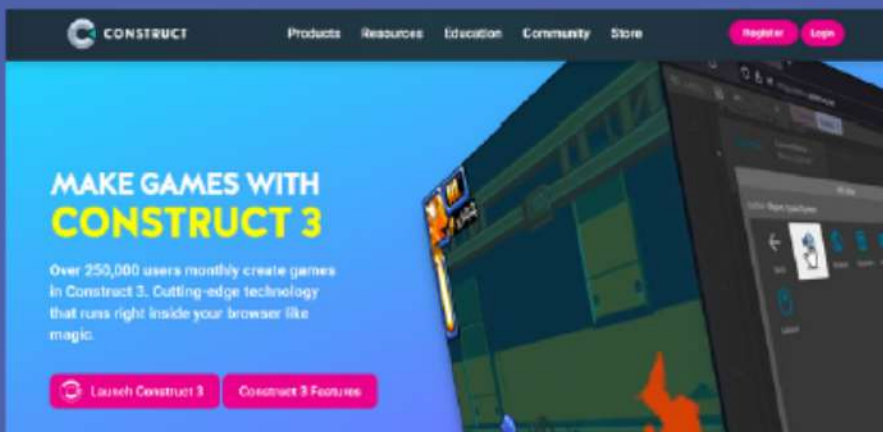


# CONSTRUCT 3

Construct 3 is a platform where you can make good games from zero without knowing even one line of code. Construct 3 is not just an online platform. It also has an application, and if I remember correctly, we download this app from the website.



Also, you can try and play some games made with Construct on the Construct platform.



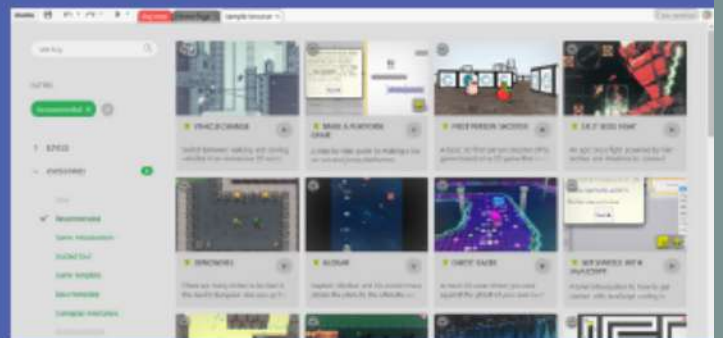
Hüseyin Yıldırım 9/B 2749





# CONSTRUCT 3

If you don't want to lose the games you made with Construct, you can download the game file. But you cannot open and play the downloaded game file. If you want to play your game on phones or computers, sadly, you cannot do this with a free Construct account. To download your games, you need to upgrade your free account to a paid one.



**MAKE GAMES  
ON YOUR PHONE!**



Hüseyin Yıldırım 9/B 2749



# ROCKET LEAGUE

Since 2015

## It's One Of The Hardest Games

Why everybody says that Rocket league is one of the hardest games ever ?

Because if you want to get well at it you have to play at least 4000 hours and if you want to get to the best rank of the game you have to play at least 10000 hours isn't it that difficult to play non-stop for 10000 hours. You know that 10000 hours equals to 400+ days .Now you know that why is the Rocket League is one of the hardest games ever.

## The Game in General

In the game your aim is to score a goal with cars to opponents goalpost ,if you score to opponents goal post you get one score and the matches are 5 minutes ,in 5 minutes which ever team gets more point wins. There are 8 ranks in this game you start with unranked if you play well you get to bronze then silver after that gold ,after platinum then diamond then champion (champ) then grand champion (GC) then the highest rank in the game super sonic legend (SSL)  
There are some mechanics too ,there is like 200+ mechanics that you can do and things you can do are unlimited for example you can do flipreset and combine it with pogo and there is your style of freestyle.



## If You Want To Try The Game Do This Things

First of all jump into a game then get familiar with the controls.

Secondly do some custom training packs to get your skill level up.

Thirdly start to rank up



## Do you want to play with me ?

NAME : optify\_34 (in epic games)

HOURS : 600+

SELİM HAKTAN  
BİLGİÇ



# Violet

# Evergarden

Written by Kana Akatsuki  
Series, property

among December 2015-March 2020.  
It is the first work to win an  
award in the novel category.

Violet Evergarden, lost both of her arms in the great war, she is a soldier of the country of Leidenschaft. Violet; when she to be gifted Major Gilbert Bounganville, didn't know anything about emotions. She only knew kill the peoples like killing machine and receive orders from the Major.



During the war they fall into a trap. Major lost his one eye and Violet lost both of her arms. After explosion soldiers find the Violet but Major not found.



Violet after recover, Lieutenant Colonel Hodgins, who used to be in the military, takes her with him. This was the Major's request. Starts working in CH Post Company. Writing letters for peoples. At short notice she become best epistoler in Leiden.



Zeynep Dila  
Keleş 9/10



# KRATOS



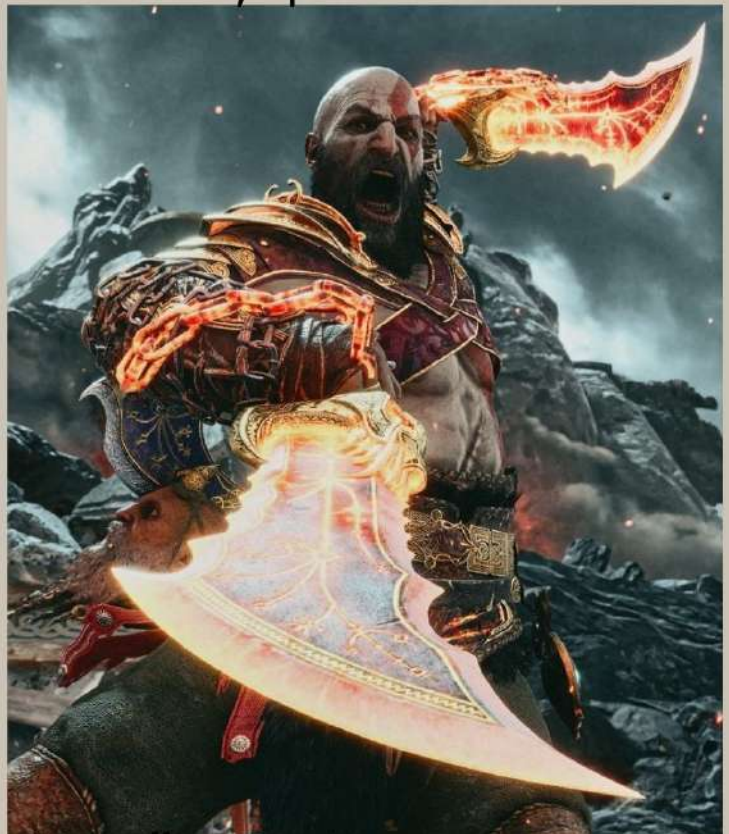
## *The Norse Saga:*

After the fall of the Greek Pantheon, Kratos sought refuge in the Norse realms. There, he rebuilt his life, raising his son, Atreus, while confronting the gods of Midgard. Struggling to escape his past, Kratos fights to protect his son and teach him the true meaning of strength and responsibility.

**Kratos' Purpose:** Once a man driven by vengeance, Kratos now seeks redemption. His journey is no longer fueled by rage, but by the desire to break the cycle of bloodshed and guide his son toward a better future.

**KRATOS: THE GHOST OF SPARTA**  
Origins: Kratos was a Spartan warrior, known for his unmatched strength and brutality. He pledged his service to Ares, the God of War, in exchange for victory in battle. However, he was tricked into killing his own wife and daughter, leading to his eternal torment.

**The Journey of Vengeance:** Consumed by rage and guilt, Kratos sought revenge against Ares, ultimately slaying him and ascending as the new God of War. Yet, his wrath did not end there. He defied the Olympian gods, leading to a cataclysmic war against Mount Olympus itself.



**"We must be better." – Kratos**



# MOBILE LEGENDS

5v5 Fair MOBA for Mobile

Mobile Legends: Bang Bang (MLBB) is a popular MOBA (Multiplayer Online Battle Arena) game developed by Moonton and has millions of players worldwide. The game, based on 5v5 team battles, offers a competitive experience by prioritizing strategy, reflexes, and teamwork. Players try to destroy the opposing team's base by choosing from different roles such as Tank, Warrior, Assassin, Mage, Marksman, and Support. With its short matches, constantly updated heroes, and ranked system, MLBB offers an addictive experience for both amateur and professional players. In addition, major e-sports tournaments and a large community around the world are important factors that increase the popularity of the game. 🚀🔥



## FANNY

FANNY IS ONE OF THE MOST SKILL-REQUIRING HEROES IN MOBILE LEGENDS: BANG BANG AND IS PLAYED AS AN ASSASSIN. WITH HER STEEL CABLE ABILITY, SHE CAN MOVE QUICKLY BETWEEN WALLS AND DEAL HIGH DAMAGE BY MAKING SUDDEN GANKS TO HER OPPONENTS. SINCE SHE IS AN ENERGY-BASED HERO, SHE IS QUITE DIFFICULT TO CONTROL AND REQUIRES A LOT OF PRACTICE TO MASTER. WITH HER HIGH MOBILITY AND EXPLOSIVE POWER, SHE CAN TURN INTO AN UNSTOPPABLE KILLER IN SKILLED HANDS, BUT SHE CAN BE INEFFECTIVE IF PLAYED INCORRECTLY. FOR THIS REASON, FANNY IS OFTEN THE CHOICE OF EXPERIENCED PLAYERS AND IS CONSIDERED ONE OF THE MOST DIFFICULT BUT MOST REWARDING HEROES IN MLBB. 🚀🔥



The image is a promotional poster for the video game Red Dead Redemption 2. It features a central illustration of the character Arthur Morgan, a man with a beard and a black cowboy hat, wearing a red coat. He is holding a silver revolver in his right hand, pointing it towards the viewer. A long, coiled metal chain or whip is draped over his left shoulder. The background is a vibrant red and orange, suggesting a sunset or a fire. At the bottom of the poster, there is a silhouette of a group of cowboys on horseback, riding across a dark landscape. The overall style is reminiscent of classic Western art.

## What is RDR2?

Red Dead Redemption 2 is a 2018 action-adventure sequel video game elaborated and published by Rockstar Games. Red Dead was its third game and is a prequel to the 2010 game Red Dead Redemption.

ROCKSTAR GAMES PRESENTS

# RED DEAD REDEMPTION II



# Characters?

## Main characters

**Arthur Morgan:** The main character of the game. He is one of the most important members of the Van der Linde gang, Arthur, who was seen as a son by Dutch until a while ago, has a character that does not like to praise himself, regardless of whether he is played honorably or dishonorably, and defines himself by saying "I am not a good person".

**Dutch van der Linde:** The leader of the Van der Linde gang. He is a character who strongly opposes the decisions of the government, values individual freedoms and dreams of an independent life.

**John Marston:** John, the main character of the first game, is also the secondary main character in this game. Towards the end of the game, he becomes someone who is protected and protected by Arthur.

## Supporting characters

[edit | edit source]

**Abigail Roberts:** John Marston's wife and Jack's mother. Abigail lost her parents as a child and continued to earn her living as a prostitute. She was recruited into the gang by Uncle around 1894 and soon became pregnant with John's son Jack. The two married in 1907.

**Bill Williamson:** One of the members of the Van der Linde gang.

**Charles Smith:** Charles, the son of an African American father and a Native American mother, is one of the members of the Van der Linde gang.

**Hosea Matthews:** He is the co-founder and second leader of the Van der Linde gang.

**Jack Marston:** He is the son of John Marston and Abigail Roberts.

**Micah Bell:** One of the hitmen of the Van der Linde gang. Both Micah's father and his grandfather, I. Micah Bell, were criminals; Micah, who comes from a criminal family, is the antagonist character of the game.

**Uncle:** One of the oldest members of the Van der Linde gang. He is a drunkard who claims to have had multiple wives and traveled constantly in his youth.

**Sadie Adler:** Sadie starts working with the gang and becomes a ruthless fighter.

# Gameplay?

The main character Arthur Morgan can be controlled from a third-person and first-person perspective. The game includes single-player and multiplayer modes.

The game continued to use the honor system from Red Dead Redemption. This system determines how the character the player controls will interact with other NPCs and how these interactions will be reacted to by settlements, towns, and other groups.





# RESIDENT EVIL

## VILLAGE



Resident Evil Village (2021) is a popular survival horror game developed and published by Capcom.

### THE STORY OF THE GAME

Resident Evil Village follows Ethan Winters as he ventures into a dangerous village to rescue his daughter, Rose, after his wife Mia and daughter are kidnapped. In the village, Ethan faces four mutated bosses and uncovers the village's secrets, including the plans of Mother Miranda, who rules over the town. Ethan saves Rose but dies in the process.

The names of the bosses we fought during the game are respectively: Dimitrescu, Donna, Moreau, Heisenberg, the leader of all of them, Mother Miranda and the mysterious creatures we fight throughout the game



(THE CENTER OF THE VILLAGE)



- 700€ game fee
- High level graphics
- 50gb storage
- The best game award in 2021
- rich story
- More than 10 million players



# PORSCHE 911 TURBO S



Porsche 911 is an art. The length of this car is 4535mm. The width of this car is 1900mm. The Height of this car is 1303mm. Without further ado, let's move on to the engine information.

This monster has a 3745cc turbocharged I6 engine. This 6-cylinder monster engine produces 650hp and can accelerate to 7200 revolutions per minute. I'm sure you all want to own this work of art and you will.



*Ahmet Selim Güney*



# LE MANS: THE ULTIMATE 24



What is the 24 Hours of Le Mans?

The 24 Hours of Le Mans is one of the most famous and difficult endurance races in the world. The first race was in 1923, and it happens every year in Le Mans, France, at the Circuit de la Sarthe track. It is the most important race in the World Endurance Championship (WEC) and one of the biggest motorsport events.

## 1. How the Race Works

As the name says, this race lasts a full 24 hours. It is not only about speed but also about endurance and strategy. Here are the main rules:

**Teams:** Each car has 3 drivers who take turns driving.

**Driver Changes:** Each driver races for 2 to 4 hours, then takes a break.

**Winner:** The team that drives the most laps in 24 hours wins.

**Car Types:** There are prototype cars and GT (Grand Touring) cars in the race.



Circuit de la Sarthe

## 2. Car Categories

Different types of race cars compete together. In 2023, the main categories are:

### 🏎️ Hypercar (H)

The fastest and most advanced race cars.

Toyota, Ferrari, Peugeot, Porsche, and Cadillac race in this class.

### 🏎️ LMP2 (Le Mans Prototype 2)

Slower than Hypercars but still very powerful.

This class is for young drivers and private teams.

### 🏎️ LMGTC3 (Grand Touring 3)

These cars look more like normal supercars.

Ferrari, Porsche, and Aston Martin race in this class.



# -HOUR ENDURANCE RACE

**24h**  
LE MANS

## 3. Famous Teams and Drivers

Le Mans has had some of the best racing stars. Here are some legends:

Tom Kristensen: Won 9 times, the most in history.

Jacky Ickx: A Belgian driver who won 6 times.

Porsche: The most successful brand with 19 wins.

Ferrari, Audi, and Toyota are also top teams in Le Mans history.

## 4. Why Le Mans is Important

Le Mans is not just a race; it is a testing ground for car technology.

Many innovations from this race later go into normal cars, such as:

Hybrid engines

Better brakes

Fuel efficiency and aerodynamics

The 2019 movie "Ford vs. Ferrari" tells the story of the famous 1966 Le Mans race.

## 5. Why Should You Watch It?

Le Mans is different from Formula 1 because it is not a short race. It is about endurance, strategy, and teamwork. Many things make this race exciting:

Day and night racing

Changing weather

Mechanical problems

Pit stop strategies

Alperen Çebi  
9/B



# BMW from past to present

The birth of the BMW legend dates back to March 7, 1916, when Karl Rapp and Gustav Otto, who produced aircraft engines, merged their factories. Our adventure, which started under the name Bayerische Motoren Werke, continues today with the production of motorcycles and automobiles. With extraordinary innovations, impressive technology and strong and passionate customer relationships, BMW has been shaping automotive history for more than 100 years. The value we place on innovation and sustainability sheds light on the present of mobility and inspires the future.

During World War I, BMW was founded as an aircraft engine manufacturer. March 7, 1916, the founding date of Bayerische Flugzeug-werke AG, one of the predecessor companies, is today accepted as the date of foundation of BMW. The legendary BMW logo in white and blue, unique to Bavaria, was registered as a trademark in 1917. The propeller symbol, which points to the brand's first activities, appeared in the 1920s.



In November 1928, BMW took over Eisenacher Fahrzeugfabrik, which had just started producing the Dixi 3/15 PS at the factory, a licensed copy of the Austin Seven. As a result of some technical developments as of March 1929, the Dixi became the BMW 3/15 PS DA2. This car, the first vehicle to bear the BMW symbol, marked the beginning of the company's history in the automobile industry.

The 303 is BMW's first car with a kidney-shaped radiator grille, which is still a typical design feature today. The 303, which is far ahead of its time with its 6-cylinder engine and numerous technical innovations, is the pioneer of a tradition that brings together high performance, comfort and safety.

With the 328, BMW launched one of the most beautiful sports cars of the 1930s. Thanks to its high engine performance as well as excellent handling, the 328 has won the admiration of many sports car enthusiasts. In a very short time, the 328 was victorious on racetracks across Europe. The BMW 328 has remained a legend in automobile history until today.

BMW demonstrates its mastery in this model created by designer Albrecht Graf Goertz, creating a breathtakingly beautiful, lively sports car with elegant lines and unrivaled performance. Even today, the BMW 507 is very popular around the world.



The BMW 6 Series, a work of French designer Paul Bracq, combines dynamic performance and elegance in a very special way. This car has managed to combine suitability for long-distance travel with elegance and driving dynamics in a way that almost no other car has managed before. The 13-year production period has also been an indicator of the intense popularity of this series.

A different logo was used until 1929 when the marketing team wanted to remember the aircraft's heritage. The logo was actually a tribute to Rapp Motor and Bavaria. Blue and white are the official colors of Bavaria and look very stylish on any BMW model, but there is a time before this logo.

This interesting device was very cleverly designed aerodynamically, and while the concept of asphalt was still very new, this BMW motorcycle could reach a speed of approximately 280 km per hour! The body of the motorcycle completely covers the rider, and for safety this interesting helmet had to be worn. Additionally, since the driver used his feet folded, he could not put his feet on the ground until the vehicle stopped.



In 1959, BMW was on the verge of bankruptcy due to many reasons resulting from the cold war. Daimler-Benz immediately recognized the opportunity and almost bought BMW, but with the efforts of even the technicians in the BMW team, it was able to buy back its shares and came to this day with the help of an investor family that still owns a significant part of the brand. The origins of the rivalry between BMW and Mercedes-Benz date back to today.

In short, during World War I, BMW was founded as an aircraft engine manufacturer. March 7, 1916, the founding date of Bayerische Flugzeug-werke AG, one of the predecessor companies, is today accepted as the date of foundation of BMW. The legendary BMW logo in white and blue, unique to Bavaria, was registered as a trademark in 1917.



YAĞIZ SARI



# Max Verstappen: The Beginning of a New Era



## Formula 1 Career

Verstappen joined Formula 1 in 2015 with Toro Rosso (now Visa Cash App RB). His aggressive driving and bold overtakes quickly gained attention. In 2016, he moved to Red Bull Racing and won his debut race at the Spanish Grand Prix, becoming the youngest race winner in F1 history.

## Championship Years

In 2021, Verstappen won his first World Championship after an intense battle with Lewis Hamilton. He dominated 2022 and 2023, securing back-to-back titles. In 2024, he claimed his fourth consecutive championship, reinforcing his place as one of F1's greatest drivers.

## Driving Style and Personality

Known for his aggressive and fearless approach, Verstappen excels in late braking and sharp overtakes. His intense competitive spirit, while sometimes controversial, makes him one of the most exciting drivers on the grid.



## The Road to Formula 1

Max Emilian Verstappen was born on September 30, 1997, in Hasselt, Belgium, but competes under the Dutch flag. His father, Jos Verstappen, was a former F1 driver, and his mother, Sophie Kumpen, was a successful karting racer. Passionate about motorsports from an early age, Max debuted in Formula 1 at just 17, becoming the youngest driver in F1 history.

**MEHMET KAAN İNCİ**



# Mercedes-Benz from past to present

Gottlieb Daimler was born on March 17, 1834 in Schorndorf. After working for a while in France, where he was educated, he studied at the Polytechnic school in Stuttgart between 1857 and 1859. After participating in various technical activities in France and England, he started working as a drawing expert in Geislingen in 1862. At the end of 1863 he was appointed supervisor of a workshop in Reutlingen, where he met Wilhelm Maybach in 1865. In 1872, he became a technical manager at the engine manufacturer Deutz Engine Works, where Otto learned four-stroke engine technology. He left this firm in 1882 after disagreements with the manager. He set up a workshop to develop gasoline-powered four-stroke engines in the greenhouse of his villa in Cannstadt. In 1884, working with Wilhelm Maybach, he developed an internal combustion engine known today as the "Grandfather Clock". This engine was suitable for installation in vehicles with its compact and lightweight design. The expenses he incurred for the trials quickly depleted Daimler's fortune, so he had to find new business partners.

On November 28, 1890, he founded "Daimler-Motoren-Gesellschaft" with Max Duttenhofer and his partner Wilhelm Lorenz. However, while Duttenhofer wanted to produce only stationary engines, Daimler preferred to concentrate on automobile production. Thanks to the Phoenix engine developed by Maybach, Daimler's engine gained worldwide popularity. Maybach became technical director of DMG, while Gottlieb Daimler received a position on the technical board and the position of general inspector on the board of directors. Gottlieb Daimler was able to enjoy this rapid development only for a short time. He died on March 6, 1900 due to heart disease.



'The substitute for the horse' was Carl Benz's advertising slogan for his 1886 patented motor car. In terms of recognition and fame, it was not as successful as Daimler. Daimler's car became more well-known after its successful trials in racing, but Daimler was unable to witness one of the most exclusive designs Maybach produced for the DMG joint stock company.

The success of this design is also attributed to businessman and automobile enthusiast Emil Jellinek, who bought his first Daimler car in 1897. He was so excited about this car that he went to Daimler and Maybach with an offer to mass produce this car on the condition that the brand name be Mercedes instead of Daimler. Mercedes was Jellinek's daughter's name. The first 'Mercedes' entered the market in 1901 and with its impressive success in the market and on the racing scene, Mercedes vehicles entered a new era.

Today's Mercedes is based on Benz's design in 1886 and Daimler's car introduced to the market in 1901. The brand only became Daimler-Benz in 1926 when it was acquired by Daimler-Motoren-Gesellschaft, Benz & Cie. The first Mercedes was a strong, light car with a center of gravity close to the ground. It had a 35 horsepower engine and marked the end of horse carriages. DMG has held the patent for the successful brand name 'Mercedes' since 1902, and the only thing missing was a registration.



Mercedes-Benz is one of the most famous names in luxury car brands. The German car company has been around for more than a century, is currently operated by Daimler-Benz and is headquartered in Stuttgart, Germany. The people behind Mercedes' success led to the emergence of today's internal combustion engines and literally invented the automobile.

Carl Benz is known as the founder of the company, and his 1886 patent called 'Benz Patent Motorwagen' is considered the first automobile. Later that year, Daimler, together with Wilhelm Maybach, converted a stagecoach to use a gasoline engine and ended horse-based transportation. Benz and Daimler never met each other, although they remained in southern Germany and worked on their respective models around the same time.



It adorns the front radiator of Mercedes. The new company Daimler-Benz, formed by the merger of DMG and Benz & Cie in 1926, used the company's emblem, and 'Mercedes' and 'Benz' were also added to the emblem with a laurel wreath.

In the 1930s, Mercedes was made famous by Adolf Hitler, who drove these cars with their bulletproof windows. They were very famous during Germany's Nazi period and remained famous, firmly supported by their far-from-average clientele.

Since then, Mercedes-Benz is a name that stands for quality, elegance, excellent engineering and pure magnificence, and is considered one of the finest automobile manufacturers in the world. Today, the brand produces luxury cars, buses and trucks.

Mercedes-Benz's motto is 'the best or nothing'. Mercedes-Benz cars are mostly known for the limousines made famous in movies and also used by diplomats. Today it is part of 'Germany's Top Three' along with Audi and BMW.



# VOLVO FH 16

The Volvo FH 780 is a heavy-duty truck made by Volvo Trucks. It is part of the FH series and is designed for long-distance and heavy cargo transport. Here are some important features of the Volvo FH 780



## POWER AND PERFORMANCE

The Volvo FH 780 comes with powerful engine options, usually with 13-liter and 16-liter engines. These engines provide high horsepower and torque, which are important for long-haul driving. The truck is also designed to be fuel-efficient, helping companies save on fuel costs. Volvo uses advanced technology in the engine and aerodynamic design to achieve this.



### DRIVE COMFORT AND SAFETY

One of the key features of the FH 780 is its comfortable cabin. The interior is spacious and made with high-quality materials, ensuring that drivers feel comfortable during long journeys. The truck also includes a modern infotainment system with different technology features to keep drivers connected and entertained while on the road. Safety is a major concern for Volvo, and the FH 780 is built with many safety systems. It includes features like brake assistance and anti-skid systems, which help prevent accidents and keep drivers safe.

### CARGO CAPACITY AND STABILITY

The FH 780 has a large cargo capacity, making it suitable for transporting heavy loads. It can be used with various trailer options, which adds to its versatility. The truck has a strong chassis and advanced suspension system that provide high stability and good maneuverability on the road.

### WHY CHOOSE THE VOLVO FH 780?

Overall, the Volvo FH 780 is a reliable choice for both drivers and companies. It offers high efficiency, comfort, and safety, making it particularly appealing for businesses that operate in long-distance transport. Some advantages of the Volvo FH 780 are:

- High performance and power
- Lower operating costs
- High driver comfort
- Advanced safety features
- Large cargo capacity
- Good maneuverability

### AERODYNAMIC DESIGN OF VOLVO FH 780

The Volvo FH 780 has an aerodynamic design that plays a significant role in improving the overall fuel efficiency of the vehicle. The design helps to reduce airflow resistance, allowing the engine to consume less energy. Here are some details about the aerodynamic design and fuel efficiency of the Volvo FH 780:

#### **Aerodynamic Design Features**

**Smooth Body Lines:** The exterior design of the FH 780 features smooth and aerodynamic lines that help to improve airflow and reduce wind resistance.

**Unique Front Design:** The front portion of the vehicle has been designed to optimize airflow, directing it in a way that minimizes wind resistance and reduces fuel consumption.

**Aerodynamic Side Mirrors and Components:** The side mirrors and other components of the vehicle have been designed to reduce wind resistance and improve aerodynamics.



### VOLVO FH 780 INTERIOR

The FH 780 cabin is designed to offer a lot of room to move around, making long trips more comfortable. It often includes an area for sleeping, allowing the driver to rest during breaks. The interior is made with high-quality materials and includes modern technology, which helps to improve comfort and functionality.



**VOLVO**  
**KEREM ERDOĞAN**





Halim Mete Odabaş



# THE LIFE OF ŞENOL GÜNEŞ

**ŞENOL GÜNEŞ** Former national football player who played as a Turkish coach and goalkeeper. Currently, the techniques of Trabzonspor, one of the Super League teams, are used.(now)

Güneş, who started his football career in Erdoğduspor, turned professional with Akçaabat Sebatspor and joined Trabzonspor in 1972. In 1974, he became the champion of the Turkish 2nd Football League, taking Trabzonspor to the top league. He became the Turkish 1st Football League champion 6 times with Trabzonspor, in 1976, 1977, 1979, 1980, 1981 and 1984. He also won the Turkish Cup 4 times and the President's Cup 6 times. Güneş, who did not concede a goal for 1110 minutes in the 1978-79 season, conceded only 6 goals in the league in the same year and broke the Turkish record in these areas. He left football in Trabzonspor, where he was a legend, in 1987. Şenol Güneş is also the player who played the most in official matches in the history of Trabzonspor, with 611 matches.

He started his coaching career in 1988 as an assistant coach under Trabzonspor coach Metin Türel. In the same year, he became the coach of Trabzonspor and finished the league in fifth place. Güneş, who later worked for Boluspor and İstanbulspor respectively, returned to Trabzonspor in 1993 and achieved an average of 2.14 points in 150 matches. He won the Turkish Cup and the President's Cup in 1995. He left Trabzonspor in 1997 and after coaching Antalyaspor and Sakaryaspor, he became the coach of the Turkish national team in 2000. In 2002, he led Turkey to the FIFA World Cup for the first time after 1954, and gave Turkey the greatest success in its history by placing third in the 2002 FIFA World Cup. He repeated the same success by placing third in the 2003 Confederations Cup and was awarded the State Distinguished Service Medal. Güneş returned to Trabzonspor in 2005 and coached him for a short period. He later became the coach of the South Korean team FC Seoul and averaged 1.73 points in 125 matches. He returned to Trabzonspor for the third time in December 2009; He became the champion of the 2010 Turkish Cup and the 2010 Turkish Super Cup. They also controversially finished second in the league in the 2010-11 season. Güneş signed with Bursaspor in 2014 and became the coach of Beşiktaş the following season. Güneş became the Super League champion with Beşiktaş in the 2015-16 and 2016-17 seasons. He reached the quarter-finals in the 2016-17 UEFA Europa League, collected 14 points in the 2017-18 UEFA Champions League group stage and advanced to the last 16 rounds as the undefeated group leader, becoming the only Turkish coach to achieve this. In March 2019, he became the coach of the Turkish national team for the second time. He left his post after unsuccessful results in the 2020 European Football Championship. He became the coach of Beşiktaş again in October 2022 and achieved a 13-match unbeaten streak, completing the season with an average of 2.30 points. He resigned from Beşiktaş on October 6, 2023. On September 3, 2024, he became the coach of Trabzonspor for the fifth time.





# MESSI'S LIFE STORY He is a legend "Messi"

## Lionel Messi's Life Story

### Early Life

Lionel Andrés Messi was born on June 24, 1987, in Rosario, Argentina. He is the third of four children of Jorge Messi, a steel factory manager, and Celia Cuccinelli, who worked in a magnet manufacturing workshop. Messi showed an immense passion for football from a young age, often playing with his older brothers and cousins.

### Discovering Talent

At the age of five, Messi joined a local club, Grandol, where his father coached. His talent was evident early on, and by the time he was eight, he had joined the youth team of Newell's Old Boys, a Rosario-based club. His extraordinary skills and ability to score goals quickly caught the attention of the football community.

### Health Challenges

At the age of 11, Messi was diagnosed with a growth hormone deficiency. This condition required expensive medical treatment, which his family struggled to afford. Recognizing his potential, FC Barcelona offered to pay for his medical bills. He moved to Spain and joined their youth academy, La Masia.

### Career at FC Barcelona

Messi moved to Spain with his family at the age of 13. At La Masia, he honed his skills and developed into one of the most promising young talents. In 2004, at the age of 17, Messi made his first-team debut for FC Barcelona.

During his time at Barcelona, Messi broke numerous records and won countless awards, including several Ballon d'Or titles. He became the club's all-time top scorer and led Barcelona to numerous domestic and international titles, including the UEFA Champions League and La Liga championships.



## International Career

Messi's international career with Argentina has been equally impressive. He has represented his country in multiple FIFA World Cups and Copa América tournaments. Despite facing criticism for not winning a major international trophy for many years, Messi led Argentina to victory in the Copa América 2021, solidifying his legacy as one of the greatest footballers of all time.

## Life Beyond Football

Off the field, Messi is known for his philanthropy. He established the Leo Messi Foundation, which supports access to education and health care for vulnerable children. Messi is also a UNICEF Goodwill Ambassador, advocating for children's rights globally.

## Personal Life

Lionel Messi is married to Antonela Roccuzzo, his childhood sweetheart. The couple has three children: Thiago, Mateo, and Ciro. Messi values family life and often shares moments with his family on social media.

## Trophy collection

Messi's trophy collection includes 10 Spanish La Liga titles, 7 Spanish King's Cups, 8 Spanish Super Cups, 4 UEFA Champions Leagues, 3 UEFA Super Cups, 3 FIFA Club World Cups, 2 French Ligue 1 and 1 French Super Cup each. There are 39 trophies in total, including the Leagues Cup. In addition, there is 1 U20 World Cup, 1 Olympic Games, 2 Cups of America, 1 Conmebol - UEFA Champions Cup and 1 World Cup on the basis of national teams with Argentina.

## Legacy

Lionel Messi's journey from a young boy with a dream in Rosario to one of the greatest footballers of all time is an inspiring story of talent, determination, and resilience. His impact on the sport is profound, and his legacy will continue to inspire future generations of athletes worldwide.



# Lionel Messi

## Argentina's savior angel

Lionel Andrés Messi (born 24 June 1987, Rosario), also known as Leo Messi, is an Argentine football player who plays for Major League Soccer club Inter Miami and is the captain of the Argentina national team. He is considered one of the best football players in the world. The player, who broke the record in both awards by winning eight Ballon d'Or and six Golden Shoes, was selected for the Ballon d'Or Dream Team in 2020.

He spent his entire professional career at Barcelona before leaving the club; There he won 35 trophies, including ten La Liga titles, seven Copa del Rey and four UEFA Champions Leagues, for a total of 46 trophies. He holds the records of the player who scored the most goals (474), made the most hat tricks (36) and made the most assists (192) in La Liga. He scored more than 800 goals in his club and country career and became the player who scored the most goals (672) for a club.





# The silent maestro:

## Gustavo Colman

### FIRST STEPS FROM ARGENTINA TO EUROPE

BORN IN 1985, GUSTAVO COLMAN STARTED HIS FOOTBALL CAREER AT ONE OF ARGENTINA'S PROMINENT CLUBS, ROSARIO CENTRAL. THE YOUNG MIDFIELDER CAUGHT THE ATTENTION OF BIG CLUBS WITH HIS TALENT AND TOOK HIS FIRST STEPS IN EUROPE WITH BEERSCHOT AC, WHERE HE IMPRESSED WITH HIS PERFORMANCE.

### GOLDEN YEARS AT TRABZONSPOR

COLMAN JOINED TRABZONSPOR IN 2008 AND WORE THE CLUB'S COLORS FOR 6 SUCCESSFUL SEASONS. WITH HIS GAME INTELLIGENCE, PRECISE PASSES, AND CALM DEemeanOR, HE BECAME AN INDISPENSABLE PLAYER IN TRABZONSPOR'S MIDFIELD. ESPECIALLY IN THE 2010-11 SEASON, HE WAS ONE OF THE KEY PLAYERS IN THE TEAM'S TITLE RACE.



### PLAYING STYLE: SILENT YET EFFECTIVE

ALTHOUGH COLMAN WAS NOT AN AGGRESSIVE OR FLASHY PLAYER ON THE FIELD, HE PLAYED BOTH SIDES OF THE GAME WITH MASTERY. HIS SUCCESS IN ONE-TOUCH PASSING, SHOOTING THREAT, AND KEY ASSISTS CONTRIBUTED GREATLY TO TRABZONSPOR'S ATTACKING STRENGTH.

### A LEGEND IN THE EYES OF TRABZONSPOR FANS

HAVING PLAYED 214 MATCHES AND SCORED 27 GOALS FOR TRABZONSPOR, COLMAN BECAME ONE OF THE CLUB'S MOST MEMORABLE FOREIGN PLAYERS. HIS SILENT LEADERSHIP ON THE FIELD AND HIS TEAM-FIRST MENTALITY EARNED HIM A SPECIAL PLACE IN THE HEARTS OF TRABZONSPOR FANS.

### RETIREMENT AND LEGACY

AFTER LEAVING TRABZONSPOR, COLMAN CONTINUED HIS CAREER IN HIS HOME COUNTRY, ARGENTINA. HOWEVER, EVEN AFTER RETIRING FROM FOOTBALL, HE REMAINS ONE OF THE MOST BELOVED FOREIGN PLAYERS IN TRABZONSPOR'S HISTORY.



**BEREN AZAK**



# Kevin De Bruyne

## *The Art Of Passing*

Kevin De Bruyne is widely regarded as one of the most creative and influential midfielders in modern football. With his exceptional vision, passing accuracy, and leadership qualities, he has established himself as a pivotal figure in the sport.

**Kevin De Bruyne** was born on June 28, 1991, in Drongen, Belgium. He began playing football at a young age in the youth academy of KVV Drongen, quickly gaining attention for his remarkable skills. Later, he transferred to Genk's academy, where he took his first steps into professional football.

**De Bruyne** won the Belgian Pro League title with Genk in the 2010-2011 season, drawing interest from major European clubs. In 2012, he signed with Chelsea but struggled for playing time, leading to a loan spell at Werder Bremen. His impressive performances in Germany paved the way for a move to Wolfsburg in 2014. During the 2014-2015 season, he became the Bundesliga's assist leader and won the German Cup.



His outstanding form earned him a record-breaking transfer to Manchester City in 2015. Under Pep Guardiola's leadership, De Bruyne became one of City's most crucial players, contributing significantly to the team's domestic and European triumphs. His vision and ability to dictate play have made him a key component of City's success.

### **Achievements and Awards**

- Premier League Champion (2017-18, 18-19, 20-21, 21-22, 22-23)
- FA Cup Winner (2018-19, 22-23)
- EFL Cup Winner (multiple times)
- UEFA Champions League Winner (2022-23)
- Bundesliga Player of the Year (2014-15)
- Premier League Player of the Season (2019-20, 21-22)





## **Fighters**

UFC fighters are some of the most talented and dedicated athletes in the world. They come from all walks of life, but they all share a passion for combat. They train rigorously and push themselves to their limits to become the best in the world.

## **Rules**

The UFC has a set of rules that govern its fights. These rules are designed to ensure the safety of the fighters while allowing for a thrilling and competitive sport. There are rules against striking the back of the head, biting, and other dangerous acts. The rules are enforced by referees who monitor the fight and stop it if a fighter is in danger.

## **Founders**

The UFC was founded by Art Davie and John Milius in 1993. They wanted to create a fighting organization that would bring together the best fighters from different styles of combat. Their vision was to determine the "ultimate fighter" and UFC has grown into one of the most popular sporting events in the world.



**KERIM SANNAH**



# GERVONTA DAVIS

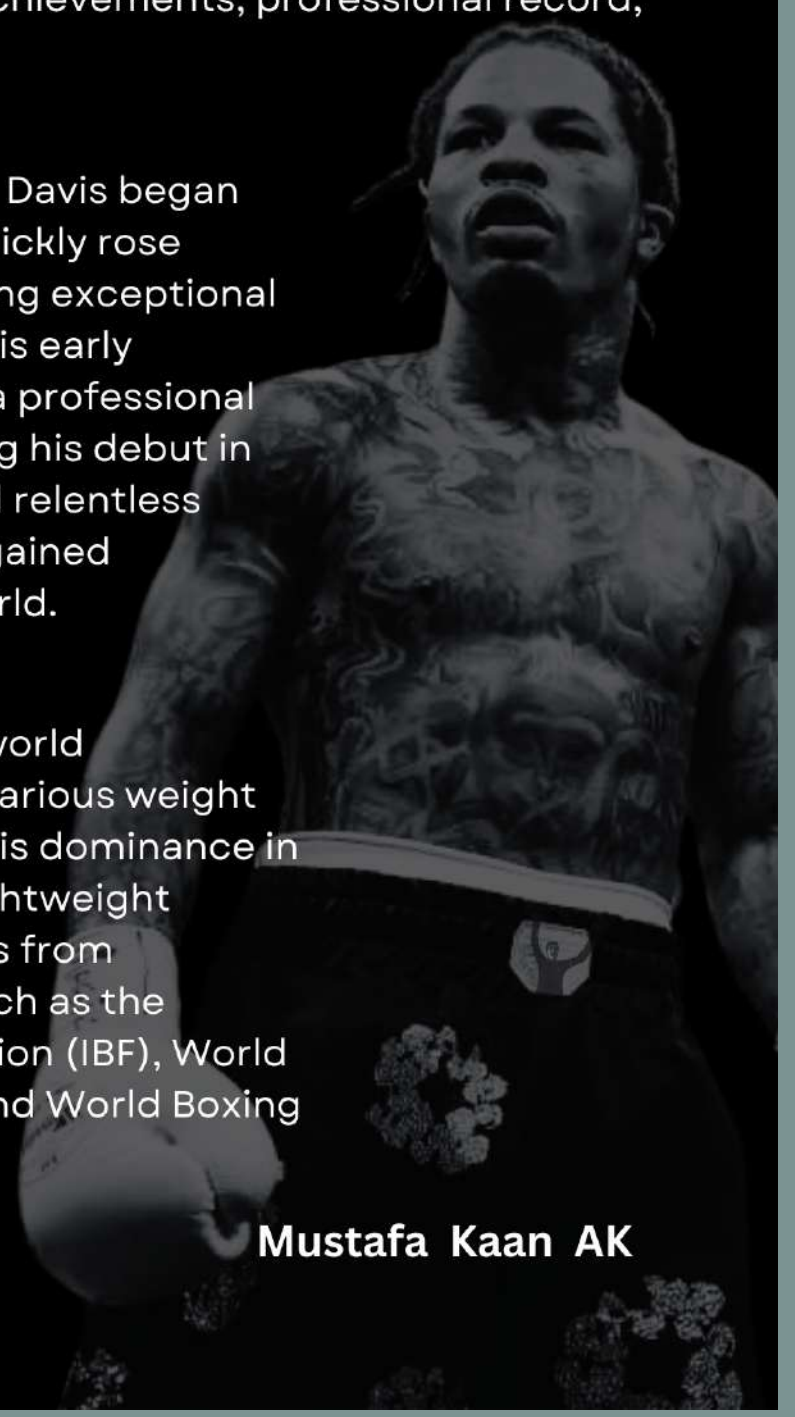
## A Rising Star in Boxing

**Gervonta Davis**, nicknamed "Tank," is a rising star in the world of professional boxing. He is a multiple-time world champion, known for his aggressive fighting style and impressive knockout power. This article explores Davis's impressive career trajectory, highlighting his achievements, professional record, and personal life.

**Born in Baltimore**, Maryland, Davis began boxing at a young age. He quickly rose through the ranks, showcasing exceptional talent and determination. This early promise led him to become a professional boxer at the age of 17, making his debut in 2013. With an aggressive and relentless fighting style, Davis quickly gained recognition in the boxing world.

**Davis** has secured multiple world championship titles across various weight classes. He has showcased his dominance in the lightweight and super lightweight divisions, winning world titles from prestigious organizations such as the International Boxing Federation (IBF), World Boxing Association (WBA), and World Boxing Organization (WBO).

**Mustafa Kaan AK**





NEYMAR JR

# THE WIZARD



BEFORE BECOMING A FOOTBALL STAR, NEYMAR JR. WAS BORN ON FEBRUARY 5, 1992, IN MOGI DAS CRUZES, BRAZIL. GROWING UP IN A POOR FAMILY, NEYMAR DEVELOPED A PASSION FOR FOOTBALL AT AN EARLY AGE, INFLUENCED BY HIS FATHER, WHO WAS ALSO A FORMER FOOTBALLER. NEYMAR PLAYED FOR LOCAL TEAMS AND JOINED SANTOS FC'S YOUTH ACADEMY AT THE AGE OF 11. HIS TALENT QUICKLY BECAME APPARENT, AND HE SOON ROSE THROUGH THE RANKS, MAKING HIS PROFESSIONAL DEBUT AT 17. HIS EARLY LIFE WAS FILLED WITH STRUGGLES, BUT HIS DETERMINATION AND SKILL LED HIM TO BECOME ONE OF THE WORLD'S BEST FOOTBALLERS.



**FULL NAME** : NEYMAR  
DA SILVA SANTOS  
JÚNIOR

**BIRTHDAY** : 5 FEBRUARY  
1992

**HEIGHT** : 1.75 M

**POSITION** : LW



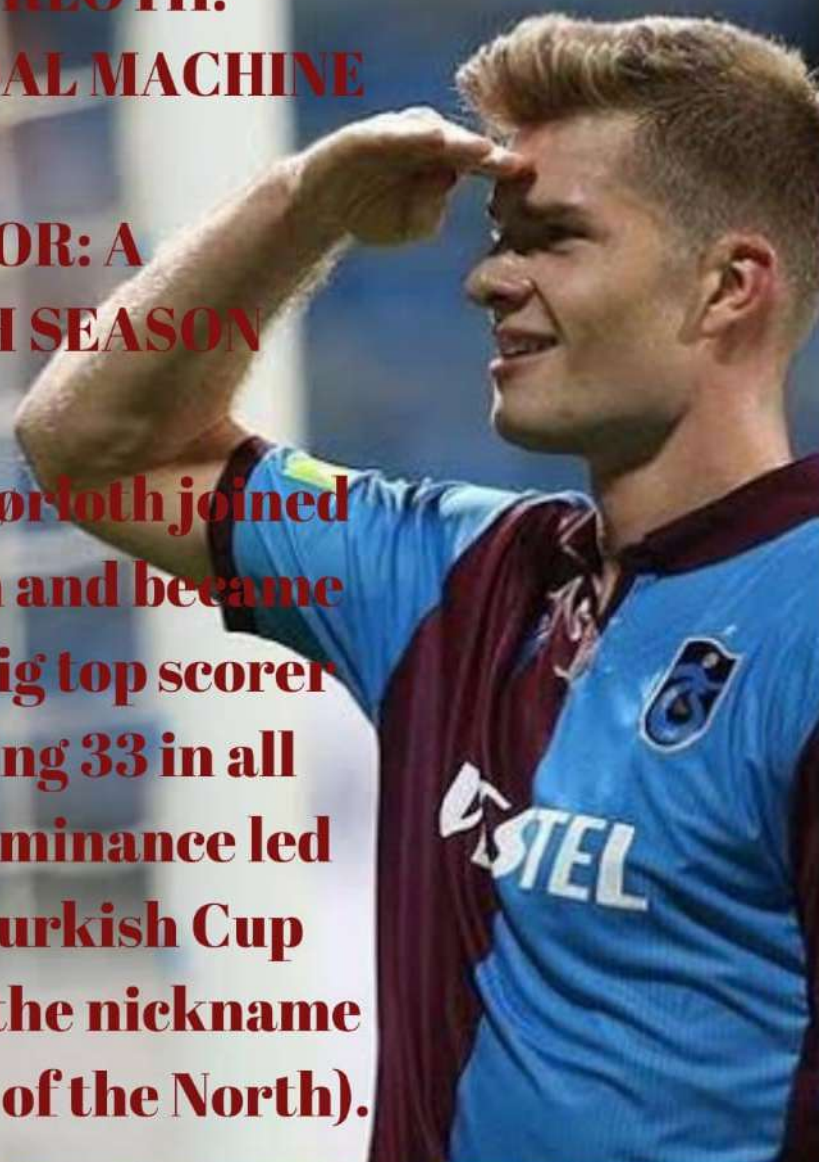
EMİR BAŞYURT



## **ALEXANDER SØRLOTH: TRABZONSPOR'S GOAL MACHINE**

### **TRABZONSPOR: A BREAKTHROUGH SEASON**

**In 2019, Alexander Sørloth joined Trabzonspor on loan and became the 2019-20 Süper Lig top scorer with 24 goals, scoring 33 in all competitions. His dominance led Trabzonspor to a Turkish Cup victory, earning him the nickname "Kuzeyin Kralı" (King of the North).**



### **EUROPEAN JOURNEY & FUTURE**

**After his success in Turkey, Sørloth moved to RB Leipzig, later regaining form at Real Sociedad before signing with Villarreal in 2023. As a key player for Norway, he continues to prove himself as a top striker in European football**





# What is badminton?



Badminton is a sport. You play it with a racket and a shuttlecock. The shuttlecock is light and has feathers or plastic. There is a net in the middle of the court. Players hit the shuttlecock over the net to score points.

You can play badminton alone (singles) or with a partner (doubles). The goal is to make the shuttlecock land in the other player's court. If it touches the ground, you get a point. A badminton match has 3 sets. The first and second sets are played to 21 points. If the score is 1-1 after two sets, the third set is played to 18 points. The player or team with the most points wins.

Badminton is a fun and active sport. It is good for your health because you run, jump, and move a lot. People play badminton for fun, exercise, or in competitions.

In Türkiye, the Turkish Badminton Federation organizes the sport. Badminton is not as popular as football, but many people enjoy playing it. You can play badminton indoors or outdoors, so it is a flexible and enjoyable sport.



Türkiye has success in badminton at the Olympics. For example, in the 2020 Tokyo Olympics, 231 athletes from 37 countries played in the tournament. The Turkish badminton national team won 2 gold, 3 silver, and 5 bronze medals.



# YUSUF DİKEÇ

## WHO IS YUSUF DİKEÇ?

Yusuf Dikeç was born on 1973, in Kahramanmaraş. He is shooting sportsman also he is gendarmarie petty officer. He started his career on 2001 and still continue his works. He famous for iconic pose in Paris 2024 Olympic Championchips. He never give up so win a lot of achivements. He is working at Jandarmagücü Spor Club. His goal is gold medal at Los Angeles 2028 Olympic championchips.



LIVE

"SUCCESS DOESN'T COME WHEN YOUR HANDS IN YOUR POCKETS"  
Yusuf Dikeç

## ACHIEVEMENTS

He won silver medal at Paris 2024 Olympic Championchips with his partner Sevval İlayda Tarhan, bronze medal at 2021 Europe Shooting, gold medal at hooting Championchips, gold medal 2013 Europe Shooting Championchips both 20 and 30 meters. Dikeç represented his country in the 10 m air pistol and 50 m pistol branches at the 2012 Summer Olympics. He managed to win a gold and a silver medal at the 2013 Mediterranean Games held in Mersin.

By Muhsin Eren Meral



# NIKLAS EDIN



## Who is Niklas Edin:

**Niklas Edin is Swedish professional curling athlete captain of the Swedish national team. He born in Örnsköldsvik, Sweden at 1985**

## Achievements:

**3 Olympic medals: gold, silver and bronze**

**European Curling Championship title seven times**





Trabzonspor is a football club founded in 1967. They play their matches at Papara Park, which has a capacity of 41.131 people. It has many fans around the world. It is the only club in Türkiye that competed with İstanbul teams. It is the owner of the Cyprus Peace Cup, which no one else in the world has. Trabzonspor has always fought against injustice in Türkiye. Despite all this, Trabzonspor's history is full of many trophies. Here are all the championships of Trabzonspor.

8 times Turkish Super League champion

1975-76 1976-77 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81 1983-84  
2010-11 2021-22

9 times Turkish Cup champion

1976-77 1977-78 1983-84 1991-92 1994-95 2002-03  
2003-04 2009-10 2019-2010

10 times Turkish Super Cup champion

1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1982-83  
1994-95 2009-10 2019-20 2021-22

5 times Premiership Cup champion

1975-76 1977-78 1984-85 1993-94 1995-96

1 times Cyprus Peace Cup

1975

Trabzonspor

**Muhammed Ali AYDIN**



